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ORGAN RECITAL.

It is not often that such an array of musical talent can be brought together in one place as was gathered in the Presbyterian church last week Thursday night. The entertainment was gotten up on short notice, and hence the attendance was not as large as it might otherwise have been, but nevertheless about fifty dollars were added to the organ fund. The local participants were Miss Maude Runyon, Miss Beth Runyon, Mr. O. H. Yetter and Mr. Chas. P. Elwell, and of these it is scarcely necessary to say anything, as their reputations are well established. Mr. Yetter sang by request a solo in the second part which was not on the program, and sang it well as he always does. Mr. Elwell besides his solos, played a violin obligato to several of the vocal solos. Miss Beth Runyon sang in her usual charming way, and Miss Maude presided at the organ with grace and skil.

Mr. J. Y. Glisson is a professional tenor. He sang two solos and a duet with Mrs. Taylor. He has a voice of wonderful purity and sweetness, and every note was as clear as a bell. He is not a stranger here, and Bloomsburg long since has learned to enjoy and appreciate his voice.

Mrs. Taylor's solo, "For all eternity," was a beautiful piece, and charmingly sang, as was also her duet with Mr. Glisson. The audience would gladly have heard an encore, but the sanctity of the place prevented applause. She has an exceptionally clear, high, sweet voice.

Miss Gladys Beach does not look as though she could reach the pedals of an organ, but she can. She plays with wonderful ease and great expression, and more than all, with the true organ touch which is lacking in so many organists who play the piano. Her management of the stops was remarkable, being done in such a way that the audience could not tell when it was done. She is an organist by instinct as well as by cultivation, and her performance was thoroughly enjoyable. Those who listened to this delightful recital are deeply indebted to the Misses Runyon for affording such an opportunity, as it was through them that it was gotten up.

Mr. E. Skyles McKillip was the efficient business manager.

BREAK IN THE RESERVOIR.

The reservoir of the Bloomsburg Water Company broke on the west side about 12 o'clock Wednesday night. The break was evidently caused by the water following around the supply pipe, and gradually washing away the earth. A hole was torn out of the embankment about ten feet in diameter, leaving the surface standing. The rush of water completely demolished the small building covering the machinery for shutting off the water. The water started down through the double gates of the enclosure, heading towards the buildings on the south, but a rise in the ground changed the current and sent it westward in the direction of the Water Company's buildings. Earth and stone were carried along with the rush of water, lodging in the public road, and lots of the Irondale Company, to a depth of fully ten feet in many places. The damage will be a heavy one, and will require a long time to repair. In the meantime water will be pumped direct to the pipes, so that the consumers will suffer no inconvenience.

SCHOOL BOARD.

The School Board met in regular session Friday evening, August 26th, with all the members of the Board and the teachers from the district, present. Agreements were signed by directors and teachers. Report was made by the Text Book Committee, when Principal Sterner was called upon to read corrections to the course of study, after the reading was completed a motion was made that the corrections be adopted. Committee on Supplies reported that Mr. P. G. Miller had delivered the coal for the winter supply. The coal was weighed at the Farmers' Produce Exchange.

A discussion arose in regard to the adoption of a language lesson, but was not acted upon, the matter having been deferred until Friday evening September 2.

A proposition was made by the School Furnishing Company to furnish desks and seats for one room in Fifth Street building and recitation seats in one room in High School. The Committee on supplies was directed to place the order.

Motion was made that the bondsmen of U. H. Ent, decd. be notified to pay balance due on duplicate before September 10th or it will be collected by process of law. G. M. Lockard and M. E. Seybert are the bondsmen.

HESS RE-UNION.

The Hess re union was advertised to be held at Oak Grove, Thursday, August 25th, if the day was fair, if not, then on the following day. Thursday morning it rained, and had the appearance of rain for the whole day. However, the winds changed and the day proved partially fair. It was confusing to the relatives, yet about two hundred gathered at the grove. The Committee on programme anticipating a better day, on the following, with an increased attendance deferred the exercises, and announced to those present that the re-union would occur next day. Friday had the appearance of a beautiful day, but storm clouds soon gathered and prevented the usual large attendance. There were however, about two hundred present, representatives from Philadelphia, Reading, Easton, Allentown, Hazleton, Williamsport, Montandon, Watsontown, Nanticoke, and all the towns in the county.

The morning was devoted to general hand shaking, preparations for dinner; while the younger people indulged in dancing, C. P. Elwell's Orchestra furnishing the music.

After dinner an excellent program was carried out. The exercises were opened with music by the orchestra, followed with prayer by the Rev. B. F. Roberts: the president, J. Wilson Hess of Montandon then addressed the relatives as follows:

I think every true and responsive sentiment uttered comes from the depths of the heart and when I say to you all welcome a hearty welcome to each and every one, I think I am only voicing the sentiment of every one present. We have not met here this day for any political discussions, or to settle religious differences nor for any personal aggrandizement or to settle strikes or disagreements among each other but, I do think that all who attend these meetings do so from a pure motive of the heart.

All who have appeared here to-day no doubt came for the purpose of reuniting and strongly cementing the bonds of relationship. They show by their presence their fealty to the name and relationship of the Hess family.

It also very clearly shows to me that there are a number who are willing for one day to lay aside their business and contribute their time and money for the pleasure they may give to others who meet with us. We sometimes find fault with our friends, relations, upon the very slightest provocation and begin to berate them. Now when we are guilty of such conduct we fail to follow the injunction given us by the Master.

Let us like good people take our fallen brother or estranged sister by the hand and redeem them and again restore them to Brotherhood and Sisterhood and then can we feel conscious of having performed our mission and duty to our common family. Now then possibly I have already overstepped my boundaries and taken up more of your time than was allotted to me for a Welcome address. But you all know the word Welcome is a very short one that every school girl and boy can spell and comprehend. But when the word is used without explanation it sometimes appears a meaningless motto on our arches spanned across the streets.

When we use the word Welcome we should use it with a hearty handshake that comes from the innermost feelings of the soul and not simply outward formality. Now I am about done with my Welcome address, a few more words and I am through..

1st. Don't go away without shaking hands with every person you possibly can.

2nd. Don't shake hands unless you can extend a friendly hand.

3rd. Form all the new acquaintances you possibly can and extend to each a hearty welcome. Lastly encourage future friendly relations among friends and relatives and you will thereby gain an abundance of pleasure that you have heretofore not enjoyed.

Now then kind friends thanking you for your uninterrupted attention and extreme courtesy I have received at your hands I shall close with many, very many pleasurable emotions associated with the Hess Re-union, and I hope when my body shall be mouldering in the dust, that the future generations of the Hess name and Hess Reunion will continue those beautiful associations and perpetuate the name of Hess and all the relatives. I thank you for the honor that was conferred upon me by calling me to preside over these meetings and I hope that all imperfections that I am guilty will be, not viewed with the critic eye, but gracefully forgiven and forgotten, and whoever you may select as your future presiding officer please accord to him the same courtesies you have me and I am confident you will have no cause for regret. I now again say Welcome thrice welcome to *all*.

The president's address was followed by a song from the boys quartette, when Mr. A. C. Frees, Esq., in a pleasant style gave an impromptu response, his address met with general applause. The remainder of the program was as follows. Music, Orchestra; Oration, Carl Browr; song, boys' quartette; Oration, Charles Spear; Music, Orchestra. A collection was then lifted to defray expenses, to which there was a hearty response.

The following were elected as the officers for the next year: President, J. Wilson Hess, Montandon. Vice President, Stephen Hess, Easton; Secretary, Geo. W. Hess, Watsontown: Assistant Secretary, Harry Hess, Berwick: Treasurer, Reuben Hess, Rupert; Committee on programme, A. C. Freas, Bloomsburg, Harvey Hess, Berwick, Charles M. Hess, Rupert, J. K. Bittenbender, Bloomsburg, D. L. Hess, Berwick: Committee on Music, Wm. Ikeler and Otto Ikeler, Rohrsburg, Harry Hess, Rupert; Committee on time and place of next re-union, H. C. Hess, Mifflin, Geo. P. Hess, Espy, D. A. Hess, Mifflin,

J. K. Bittenbender was elected historian with privilege of selecting any assistant he desired.

THE ICE PLANT.

The Bloomsburg Ice Plant is now about completed and ready for operation. It has a capicity of 15 ton daily output. The ice is formed in large zinc pans which are 11 inches wide, 22 inches long and 44 inches deep. When the water in these are frozen solid they weigh about 300 pounds. There are 221 pans for freezing, and it takes 48 hours to freeze them solid. There seems to be no waste in the operation. The amount of amonia gas for first charging the aparatus is about one thousand pounds. The amonia gas is first compressed by means of an immense engine of the Corlis pattern built especially for this work, it then passes into a cooling tank, and from thence through pipes in the brine tank, where the amonia regains the heat it lost. The large cans are lowered into the brine and between the coils of pipe, the amonia in gathering the heat it lost, absorbs the heat from the water in the can and it is left a solid piece of ice. The amonia gas is used over and over for years, with but little waste. The water in the cans from which ice is formed is almost absolutely pure. It is first received from the exhaust steam of the engine, then passes through an oil extractor, so that no oil may be found in it, then through a coke tank holding about 40 bushels of coke, then through a boil tank, where the air is expelled, then through a charcoal filter, containing 30 bushels of charcoal, then through cooling coils to make right temperature, then through bone-black filter into the cold storage tank, from thence it is drawn into cans for freezing.

There was a re-union of the Ohl family at the fair grounds last Friday. this was the second re-union of this large family. They have not choosen officers, but one of the oldest of the family, Henry, now 75 years of age, interests himself sufficicntly to get them together. This year he had a notice inserted in the county papers that there would be a re-union at the Fair Grounds, and accordingly about 200 were in attendance. Henry has had charge of the grounds and through his influence the Fair Association allowed the relatives the use of the large exhibition building. Swings were erected for the little folks. H. V. White, a relative by marriage consented to give an address at the conclusion of which he presented Mr. Henry Ohl with a purse of money contributed by the relatives and friends, as a token of friendship and respect. It was certainly a successful re-union.

The improvements at the Fair Grounds are completely changing the old site. The removal of the Judge's stand to the new race course, gives one a fine chance to compare the present enclosure with the old. When a person looks at the grounds now they are led to wonder how such vast crowds could be held in the old ground without some serious accident. Under the present plans, a much larger grand stand has been built, and no one will be allowed upon the race track. In fact, the articles of exhibition and the races are now two separate things. The new corse is being tried almost every dav by some one wishing to try the speed of their trotter, Pacer, or running horses. Some good races can be expected this fall.

COMMUNICATED.

Saturday morning Aug. 20, begun with a cloudy sky and the gentle rain moistened the dry and parched earth. And the farmer in these and other localities looked out over the land scape that surrounded his domicil with half self satisfied content while on his countenance was depicted gloomy disappointment. But after a few hours the clouds broke away and the blue sky, then the sun appeared. What a change has come over him, he is all astir, his voice is to be heard like the sound of many waters. Bill hitch up the percheron to the carriage for Betsy and I and Joe. Hitch the greys to the carry-all and take the rest of the family and let us all be off to Central, it is going to be a fine day and we want to hear what Mr. Ailman and the Judge has to say to us to-day. And now wherever you look whatever road you are on, dog carts and big wagons, spring wagons and car riages line every thoroughfare leading to Central Park. Soon the woods are full of snorting pawing steeds, while happy farmers and their wives, sons and daughters make the welkin ring with their merry laugh and voices.

About ten o'clock the iron horse drove up with his regular load and an hour and a half or so the special train came with a car loaded like bees in buckwheat time and soon after another train came loaded in similar manner but these hung out on top, they being open cars. We think the managers of the B. & S. R. R. ought to be prosecuted for cruelty to animals for bringing men, women and children in open cars exposed to coal ashes, dust and such a hot sun.

The woods was now crazy with the moving mass of humanity, it looked as if the hay crop got very ripe and the seed was all fallen off and flying in every direction.

Dinner was the first thing in order after which the Ikeler Cornet Band of Rohrsburg gave some splendid music at the stand and by the way, let me say that this band certainly is a credit to itself.

The crowd having gotten around the stand Rev. Sutton led in prayer and then read one of his poems by way of welcome, after which the Pres. introduced J. T. Ailman, of Thompsontown, who gave a very forcible address on the Topics of the day that interests farmers but in a nonpartisan style. He reviewed the acts of our national Legislature condeming the Democratic house for not passing the pure food bill and the Republican Senate for not passing Hatch Bill. That the Grange Legislative committee were doing a great deal for the farmers by way of Legislation, while the organization was doing a great deal socially. He was followed by Judge Ikeler, who gave a very interesting talk reviewing the position of the farmers, his relation to the town folk and urged that a friendly spirit ought to exist between the two. Urged the parents to look well to the bringing of their children and to see that their minds were set in the proper direction and that they be trained for the calling for which they were the best fitted, etc. This ended this part of the program.

At 5 the trains began to move and the people began to leave, feeling that they had had a pleasant time, and as night brings all straglers home, everybody left.

H. Freas Hicks of Harrisburg and Miss Annie, eldest daughter of J. K. Lockard, were united in marriage at the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening August 30th, at six o'clock, by Rev. I. M. Patterson. The attendance of relatives and friends was very large. The bride was accompanied by her father and the groom by Dr. McAllister of Harrisburg, Messrs. Frank Wilson, Frank Pursel, Frank Ikeler and Samuel Bidleman were the ushers. Miss Maude Runyon played a beautiful wedding march as the bridal party approached the altar. A grand feast was prepared at Mr. Lockard's beautiful home on Fifth street, where the party and friends wended from the church. Mrs. Phillips was the caterer, she made preparations for three hundred guests. The bridal couple took the 8:18 train south for an extended wedding trip.

Grant Herring and wife returned Monday from their trip to the Pacific coast. They were away from home since the middle of June. They traveled about ten thousand miles by rail besides nearly five hundred by stage coach. In their visit through the Yosemite valley they saw snow banks, and the Senator had the novel experience of throwing snow balls on a hot summer day. They were on Mt. Hamilton and took a peep at the planet Mars through the great Lick telescope. We hope to persuade them to give us some letters before long describing some of the wonders of those great Western states.

WALLER.

The prospect of a good crop of buckwheat is encouraging as there seems to be above an average amount of straw.

Extensive repairs have been made by Ira J. Thomas on his gristmill. which had compelled him to shut down for some time. He commenced grinding again last week.

The hardest rain of the season passed over this vicinity last Thursday doing considerable damage to the roads and plowed fields. Several of the smaller bridges were swept away.

J. Preston Yorks from this place was one of the winners who received a prize for the best short story written the the Williamsport *Sun*.

The new post office at Divide is expected to be served with daily mail after October 1st. Proposals are now being received for a carrier to that effect.

School teachers seem to be more plentiful than they were a few years ago. The schools in this and adjoining townships are either supplied or have a number of applicants for them. This gives the school directors some choice and it looks as though the time was coming when we can have experienced and professional teachers in the country districts.

It looks as though the politicians were needed to quell strikes during this campaign. Now since the Empire and Keystone states have both called out their entire armies of national guards it would seem more like preserving liberty and a union for all the great leaders to exert their utmost energies in the solution of the great problem which is causing so much trouble and already some bloodshed between capital and labor.

While traveling near a rocky and rather isolated portion of a railroad and noticing some men cutting weeds and briars and carefully gathering them in bunches for some distance on either side of the track we were curious enough to ask the apparent boss what it was for. He said they don't do any good and it makes it look better. If every farmer would have that much pride at a very small cost a wonderful change for the better would be noticed and all noxious weeds would soon be exterminated.

Patterson Grove camp meeting has been pretty well attended by the people from this vicinity and they report a large attendance and an excellent meeting.

Mrs. Mary Mendenhall and daughter from Bloomsburg are visiting relatives in this part of the county.

Clarence Butts went out in Indiana Monday where he expects to attend school for a few years. His absence will be much felt by his many friends, who wish him abundant success in his studies.

Special Base Ball Notice.

The tie game with Bloomsburg for the championship of Columbia county will be played on the Berwick grounds on Saturday, Sept. 3. The management has guaranteed the Bloomsburg nine a square game in every respect and the understanding is, that the umpire shall forfeit the game to Bloomsburg if at any time Berwick spectators interfere with the game. The citizens of Berwick are therefore earnestly requested to treat the visitors with every courtesy and consideration. It is hoped that there will be no hooting or objectionable demonstration of any kind on the part of Berwick spectators other than applause for brilliant plays. Any such display of hard feeling will only result in the ruining of Berwick's chances of winning the championship.

S. H. Watts, M'g'r.

A wreck occurred at Bloom Ferrey Station along the N. & W. branch of the Pennsylvania railroad, Saturday evening about midnight. It was an empty train going up the river, and when at the station, from some cause, one of the cars near the middle of the train was thrown from the track and dragged with it nine others. The cars were literally smashed into splinters. Two crews were summoned at once and cleared the main track in time for the newspaper train Sunday morning. No one was hurt. A great many people from Bloomsburg went over Sunday to see the wreck.

Have you examined the registry list to see if you are assessed? If you have, then inquire of your democratic neighbor if he is registered. If not, then attend to it at once. Thursday September 8th, is the last day to be assessed. The assessors will be at their respective election districts on Wednesday September 7th and Thursday September 8th between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. and 6 p. m. and 9 p. m.

PERSONAL.

Robert Runyon is taking a trip in New York state.

Mrs. J. K. Bittenbender is visiting relatives at Mt. Carmel.

G. W. Bertsh, the clothier, returned home Tuesday from a short vacation.

Mrs. H. S. Reay of Baltimore is visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

Dr. James B. Neal intends to take a special course in medicine at Philadelphia this winter.

J. G. Wells spent a few days in New York city this week making purchases of new goods.

Mrs. F. P. Billmeyer and Helen, went to New York on Monday, to spend several weeks with Mr. Billmeyer.

W. J. Barry, clerk at the Girard House, Philadelphia, was in town Friday evening of last week. He spent the week at Ganoga Lake.

H. E. Meade, of Philadelphia, visited his cousin C. E. Savage this week. Mr. Meade is a grand-son of General Meade.

Prof. J. G. Cope and family returned to the Normal Tuesday afternoon. They came early to get in readiness for the opening of school next week.

S. F. Peacock and family and H. G. Eshelman and family returned Tuesday evening from their vacation at Asbury Park.

Dr. B. F. Gardner, G. M. Quick and A. J. Derr took a few days outing this week. They are all active workers and a few days recreation fits them better for their various duties.

Miss Gladys Beach who was the guest of the Mrs. Runyon, returned to Philadelphia last Saturday. Mrs. Taylor departed for her home in Newark on Monday.

Geo. E. Elwell started on Monday for Wisconsin, and will be absent two weeks. His wife and son, who have been there several weeks, will return with him.

W. R. Rupert and wife of Paris, Texas, are visiting friends in this place. Mr. Rupert is conductor on the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad. He says he sees great improvement in Bloomsburg in the last few years.

Joseph Lowenberg, who is in the drug business at Norristown, came home Tuesday to visit his mother, brothers, and sisters. William came home last week. All the children are now at home, and are truly a happy family.

Alexander Knouse of Jackson township was in town Wednesday. He has made the new election law a close study and is ready to lend assistance to all who desire. While on a visit to Indiana last summer he obtained much information of the new manner of voting.

The Concert given by Dr. B. F. Carey company is an excellent entertainment. The Barcliff Bros. are of few superiors if any as well as the rest of the company.

The national encampment of the G. A. R. will be held at Washington from September 13 to October 18th. Fare for the round trip will be $6.08 via Harrisburg.

The Water Company met last Saturday evening and passed a resolution that was acceptable to the Town Council, in reference to the public fountain. The Council have renewed their order for a fountain, and expect to have it in readiness for water by the first of October.

Dr. J. J. Brown has purchased a lot of H. W. Sloan with a frontage of 50 feet, adjoining Mr. Sloan's residence on Market street, and will erect a handsome dwelling house thereon for his own occupancy.

About twenty of the Friendship Fire Company No. 1 of Bloomsburg were entertained by the Friendship of Millville last Saturday evening. They report having an elegant time and say Millville can well be proud of their company. There is about thirty-five uniformed men, of which all are active members.

M. F. Eyerly, of Williamport was in Bloomsburg on Sunday. He came down Saturday evening to close up bargains in the sale of his fine property on Market street. The property was sold to Simeon Richard. After completing his business transaction, on Tuesday he returned to his late home at Williamsport. Mr. Eyerly was a resident of this county about all his life. and it seems hard that in his latter days he must leave behind him all his old associates and form new ones in another city. We wish him success in his work.

THE GIFT.

Life came to me and spoke:
"A palace for thee I have built
Wherein to take thy pleasure;
I have filled it with priceless treasure;
Seven days shalt thou dwell therein,
Thy joy shall be keener than sin,
Without the stain of guilt—
Enter the door of oak!"

I enter the oaken door;
Within, no ray of light,
I saw no golden store,
My heart stood still with fright;
To cu se life was I fain:
Then one unseen before
Laid in my own her hand,
And said: "Come thou and know
This is the House of Woe—
I am Life's sister, Pain."

Through many a breathless way
In dark, on dizzying height,
She led me through the day
And into the dreadful night;
My soul was sore distressed
And wildly I longed for rest—
Till a chamber met my sight,
Far off, and hid, and still,
With diamonds all bedight
And every precious thing:
Not even a god might will
More beauty there to bring.

Then spoke Life's sister, Pain:
"Here thou as king shalt reign;
Here shalt thou take thy pleasure,
This is the priceless treasure,
The chamber of thy delight
Through endless day and night:
Rejoice, this is the end:
Thou hast found the heart of a friend."
—R. W. Gilder, in "Two Worlds."

SHIRLEY'S VACATION.

"What amuses you, Shirley?" asked the head bookkeeper, as he looked up from his big ledger and saw a smile on the boy's face opposite.

"I—I just landed a five-pound bass," said Shirley, laughing and blushing a little.

"Um—ah! Did it pull very hard?"

"Fearful!" said Shirley.

All through the year Shirley Holmes had been saving the money for his trip. He was assistant bookkeeper for Brown Bros. & Bridges's wholesale house, on West Pearl street, where he had been since graduating from the commercial college, two years before.

Shirley was an orphan. The small means left him by his parents had been exhausted before his education had been completed, so that his first year's savings had been used to repay money advanced him by an uncle to complete his course.

His savings this year he was investing in building-stock with the exception of $1 weekly which he put aside for no other purpose than a trip to the bass streams of the Alleghanies. He was very fond of fishing, and had been reckoned an expert as a boy. He had not taken a day off since he left school, and he felt that a holiday was his due.

All through the dark winter days, as he pondered over the long rows of figures, he paused now and then to muse for a moment of green mountains, blue skies, clear, rushing water, and to feel in imagination the tug and swish of the trout line and the rapid click of the running reel. Then his eyes would sparkle for a moment and he was no longer in the dim and dusty little office.

But only for a moment, for the long columns of figures were waiting, and Shirley had a feeling of friendliness for them, knowing that it was through their mute assistance that his dream would be realized.

All through the Spring and early Summer he pondered over the big books and thought of the cool mountains. He had asked for his vacation in August, and his request had been granted. He had calculated that the $52 would pay his expenses. He had figured it out over and over, and he knew the items by heart.

There were excursion rates to the mountains, and his round-trip ticket would cost him $12. Then there was his board at a farmhouse, which he calculated at $20. He could get a good rod, reel and line for $10, and for general items he allowed as much more "I think that will cover everything" he said to himself. "I shall begin to get my things together to-morrow, and in a week I will be on the way."

That night, as they closed the books he head bookkeeper said to him:

"Shirley, have you been to see Everett Harris lately?"

"No," said Shirley, guiltily. "But I will go to-night. How is he?"

"Not very well, poor fellow. He doesn't improve very much, I'm afraid. The city now is so hot, you know, and the doctor says the dust and smoke are bad for him. He coughs a good deal, and you know what that leads to."

"Yes," said Shirley, feeling as if a pressure was on his lungs. "I should think so."

Everett Harris had been their shipping clerk. He was a tender hearted, good natured fellow, whom Shirley had always liked for his outspoken, friendly way. He was not very strong, however, and one day during the winter had contracted a severe cold, terminating in pneumonia. This attack he had overcome, but it had left him very weak, and with a disagreeable cough.

His mother, a widow with a small pension, had found it a hard matter to live without her son's assistance, although Everett's employers had generously assumed his drug and doctor bills, while employees, from time to time, sent or carried such books and delicacies as he could enjoy.

Shirley had visited Everett very regularly until the last few weeks, during which time the prospects and preparations for his outing had occupied his evenings almost to the exclusion of everything else, and what with reading up on the different streams and fishing apparatus, he had forgotten poor Everett almost entirely. Yes, he would go to see him to-night without fail.

After supper Shirley went to the market and filled a basket with fresh, ripe fruit; then he hurried off to atone for his neglect.

"Poor Everett," he thought, "sick and cooped up in the city, while I am going off for a month in the mountains, and here I forgot all about him. How selfish people are, anyway!"

By and by, he climbed three flights of stairs to a close little flat where Mrs. Harris and her son lived. Yes, it was bad there for a sick man, Shirley thought—bad enough for a well one this hot weather, there was no doubt of it—and once more he thought of the cool mountains and the dashing river where he was going.

Everett was overjoyed to see him, and the tender-hearted fellow choked a little as he thanked him for the fruit. Shirley sat down by him and felt remorseful. They talked of matters at the store, and the spirits of both rose as Shirley told some amusing things that had happened lately.

"You know young Bridges is doing your work," he said, laughing.

"Yes, you told me," replied Everett, with a little sigh.

"Well, he doesn't like it very well, but his father wouldn't get anybody in your place. He said Charlie could just as well do it till you came back. He had lots of trouble at first, but gets along pretty well now. He's not a bad fellow, either, but an awful dandy—wears a silk hat and patent leathers——"

"Yes, I know; and I recollect once he fell down in the mud and came into the office nearly crying."

"Yes—well—and you know big Roger, the drayman?"

"Oh, yes; Roger has been to see me twice. The last time he brought me a sausage over a foot long. His wife made it, and thought it would do me good."

Shirley laughed at the idea of sausages for a sick diet till the tears came.

"I suppose you like the sausages?" he said at last.

"No, I'm keeping it for next winter."

"But I was going to tell you about Charlie Bridges," said Shirley. "The other evening Roger was waiting for him to make out some shipping receipts, and went over in the corner where it's rather dark, you know, to sit dow on the stool there. Well, just as he plumped himself down, he felt something pop up and squash under him, and jumped up like he was shot.

It was Charlie's silk hat. Everybody laughed except Roger and Charlie. Roger was awfully sorry and offered to pay for it, while Charlie shed tears but refused the money. The boys liked him the better for that, and he and Roger are as good friends as ever.

Everett laughed so heartily that he began coughing in a way that cut Shirley to the heart. His mother brought him some water, and, when his cough was quieted, Shirley had grown grave and silent.

"What is the doctor doing for you?" he asked, after a long pause.

"Not much, now," said Everett, a little sadly. "He says I need fresh air most, and that if I could get strength my cough would stop."

Shirley continued to look grave, and offered no reply.

"I must try and get back to work by September," continued Everett. "Just think—I have lost eight whole months. It is terrible!" And tears stood in the poor fellow's eyes.

"Where would you go for an outing, old man?" asked Shirley after a pause.

"Oh, I don't know! I haven't considered it. Almost any place in the country where I could get away from this smoke and have fresh air. Yes, there is a place," he added. "It's where we used to live before we came to the city," and he glanced quickly at his mother, who bent low over her sewing and did not seem to be listening. "I should like to go there," he continued. "It is about fifty miles north of here, and there are nice woods and a little stream where I used to catch perch and chub. I should like to go there again and fish. I know people there, too, and don't believe it would cost more than $15 a month for board." And the sick man's eyes shone at the thought of his old village and the stream with its perch and chub.

An hour before Shirley would have laughed scornfully at such sport, but he did not laugh now. Pretty soon he said good-night to Everett and his mother and walked home under the street lamps, thinking.

That night when he got to his room he made a new calculation. It ran as follows:

Three round trip tickets to Pokeville	$ 6 00
Board for three one month	45 00
Fish lines and hooks for perch and club	1 00
Total	$52 00

Then he wrote a little note which he sealed, stamped and dropped into the mail box on the corner. It said:

DEAR EVERETT: I am going to take a vacation in August, and, as I will want company, I invite you to go with me—also your mother, to take care of us. I have been saving the money for a year, and have enough for a month's trip for us all. You can prepare to start next week. I will come up to-night and we can talk it over. Heartily,

SHIRLEY.

Shirley Holmes never spent a happier month in his life than that which he spent with Everett and his mother at Pokeville. Everett seemed to get better from the first day, and before the month was over was thoroughly himself again.

Mrs. Harris visited with her old friends, while the young men spent whole days in the woods, sometimes fishing, sometimes just lying beneath the big trees.

When they returned to the city the hot, dusty weather was over, and they went back to work bronzed and strong, and such fast friends that they are called now "the inseparables." Next year they are going to the mountains together.—Albert Bigelow Paine in Golden Days.

On the Instalment Plan.

"The largest coin I find in the collection basket this morning," said the Rev. Mr. Wilgus, "is a ten-cent piece. If the members of this congregation are expecting to pay their way into a better land on the instalment plan, it seems to me that they are calculating on a much longer mundane life than has been allowed to man since the days of Methuselah."

To clean a black silk dress use a sponge dipped in strong black tea—cold.

AN EARTHLY PARADISE.

THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS A PERPETUAL GARDEN OF EDEN.

Sir Edwin Arnold so Describes the Kingdom of Liliuokalani—Beauty Lavishly Bestowed by Nature—Tropical Scenery on Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

It is good to be able to date a letter from Paradise! Would you like to know its exact locality? You must sail south of west for 2,100 miles from San Francisco, or south of east 3,400 miles from Yokohama, and then you will arrive at the beautiful Hawaiian Islands, where we are anchored at present, bound to Yokohama. We are to-day safely arrived under the green and golden hills of Oahu, the northernmost of the Sandwich group. Even from the sea the view is charming and full of promise of these delightful islands; none the less so if, as is my own case, the voyager has recently traversed by rail the 3,800 miles of mainly unlovely scenery between New York and San Francisco, coming by those dreary, drab wildernesses of Texas, Arizona and New Mexico, and has then steamed for a week without anything to look at except rolling seas and driving clouds. Of course, therefore, we have passed every available hour of our detention here ashore, and seen enough to wonder why people dwell in the bitter latitudes of London and New York, when they might breathe the heavenly air of these ocean paradises, and live in the perpetual garden of Eden which nature has laid out for her happiest children in their hollows and uplands.

I had imagined the Hawaiian cluster to be composed of densely wooded islets and isles, with dark foliage spread all over the plains and climbing to rounded hills. But I see a broken land much more open and varied than my anticipation; the lowlands rather bare of trees and vegetation, the uplands ascending by slopes mixed with the tender green of coming crops to a volcanic sierra, very rugged, naked and majestic in outline, seamed and festured with innumerable gleis, each nursing a gradually diminishing ribbon of verdant embroidery. At one extremity of the long crescent in which Honolulu nestles amid her groves of cocoanut palms and bananas, rises precipitously the yellow and red steep of Diamond Head, and on the other ranges into far distance a lofty line of peaks, lifted from the bottom of the sea by some ancient and stupendous telluric spasm. The golden Sierra fades away into a ridge of rose and violets against the horizon, where the sapphire of the Pacific blends with the turquoise of the sky. The northeast trade wind which was blowing in a lively way outside is quite shut off from our anchorage by those lofty mountains, rising to 4,000 feet of elevation and upward, so that the good ship Belgic rides quietly outside the reef to a single cable. The channel is narrow by which the quiet inner harbor is reached and we shall not enter, but there is plenty of water there, as is evidenced by the United States steamer Charleston, an iron-clad of the second-class, which is moored within under the very plumes of the cocoanut groves.

Honolulu, from the sea, looks like a smaller town than she really is, being so much buried in groves and gardens; nor, indeed, at biggest does she number more than 22,000 citizens, the entire island containing no more than 31,194 inhabitants and the whole group about 89,000. Of these about 35,000 are natives, 15,000 Chinese, 13,000 Japanese and 8,600 Portugese; the American residents totaling 1,928 and the English 1,344. There are, beside, over 1,000 Germans scattered about the group, and 600 other foreigners, more or less, including 70 Frenchmen—a mixed population, amid which the indigenous Kanaka race, which well deserved to be perpetuated, is, alas! sadly and steadily decreasing. That this paradise of the Pacific is not without its drawback the voyager is grievously reminded as he approaches Diamond Head round into the anchorage of Honolulu. Broad on the port side of the ship, about thirty miles from the little city, Molokai rises fair and fertile from the ocean—the Island of Lepers; beautiful enough to be a fitting "purgatory" to the "Paradise" beyond.—London Telegraph.

Not English.

Said an Englishman, "I will give a prize of one hundred dollars to any one who can prove that the expression 'don't you know,' or, as it is often rendered, 'doncherknow,' was ever used in England by an Englishman; the phrase had its origin in Philadelphia, where it is much in vogue, because certain dudes there believe it is English. No Englishman ever says 'Don't you know.' The expression he does use is 'You know,' such as 'I'm going up to London, you know, to get me new trousers, you know.' This may be a startler for certain young men who, by dint of great practice, are able to interject 'doncherknow' at about every ten words in their conversation. I'm very sorry to hurt their feelings."

Green Roses.

Green roses have been known in the vicinity of Philadelphia for probably a century. There is no difference theoretically between the petals of a rose and a rose leaf, and the transformation of one to the other is very easily accomplished. A green rose, therefore, is nothing more than a rose in which, in forming the flower, the rose has persistently refused to allow its leaves to be transformed to petals—they still continue as leaves. The petals of the green rose are, therefore, nothing more than green leaves. Outside of its interest as showing the relation between leaves and flowers, there is no interest in the green rose. Certainly it has no beauty.

An Odd Motive.

Sue—How did you and Tom Hillow happen to get married, Blanche?

Blanche—We were both single, you know?

"Yes?"

"Well, we married to get even."—Smith, Gray & Co's Monthly.

PHILLIPS'.

The shade of a parasol is a very acceptable thing in the summer months, but the reputation of Philips' cafe and Bakery cannot be thrown in the shade at any time the year round. Bread and cakes fresh every day. We are sole agents for Tenney's fine candies: Ice Cream always: Catering for parties and weddings a specialty. Special terms to regular boarders in the Cafe.

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Book-keeping, Commercial Law, Stenography, Typewriting, Penmanship, Arithmetic, and all branches leading to a thorough business education. A practical institution, preparing its pupils for success in business. Terms moderate. No charge for situations. Write for catalogue. N. A. Miller, Pres't Elmira, N. Y.

Pimples, Black-heads, Boils, IN FACT.

We must all have new, rich blood, which is rapidly made by that remarkable preparation, Dr. LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER. For the speedy cure of Scrofula, Wasting, Mercurial Disease, Eruptions, Erysipelas, vital decay, and every indication of impoverished blood, Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher is the sure remedy that can always be relied upon. Druggists sell it.

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ELECTRIC BELT

LATEST PATENTS—BEST IMPROVEMENTS. WITH ELECTRO-MAGNETIC SUSPENSORY.

Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from overtaxation of brain, nerve forces, excesses or indiscretion, as sexual exhaustion, drains, losses, nervous debility, sleeplessness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder complaints, lame back, lumbago, pimples, general ill-health, etc. This electric belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others, and gives a current that is instantly felt by the wearer or we forfeit $5,000.00, and will cure all of the above diseases or no pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvelous invention after all other remedies failed, and we give hundreds of testimonials in this and every other state.

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12 CABINETS $1.00.

Also having a wagon on the road fitted with the latest improvements for taking in views, Portraits and Tintypes, will call at your door without extra charge. Reserve your photos as we carry a full line copying samples till we call at your place.

Drop us a postal card and we will set a day to call on you.

Gallery Main St., next to St. Elmo Hotel,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Ezekiel Cole, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Ezekiel Cole, deceased, have been granted to H. H. Grotz, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

H. H. GROTZ,
Executor.

DEAF HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful when all remedies Fail. Illustrated book & proofs free. Address F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York.

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of SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS,
and DECORATED CHINA.
See the Display in his Windows.
Special attention given
to the repairing of
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EYES TESTED FREE OF CHARGE
WHEN GLASSES ARE PURCHASED.

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are Quickly Married. Try it in Your Next House-Cleaning.

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Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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or OIL CLOTH,

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"NERVURA" (Given's French Nerve Remedy) is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Nervousness, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power in either sex, caused by over-exertion or youthful indiscretion, which ultimately lead to Insanity, Consumption and Insanity. Price, $1.00 a package. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund money. By mail to any address. PIVER'S REMEDY CO., Toledo, O.

RUPTURE! Cure guaranteed in 10 days by Dr. W. B. Mayer of Reading, Pa. Ease at once. No operation or detention from business. Thousands of cures. Dr. Mayer will be at the Hotel Penn, Reading, Pa., second Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free.

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BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK MALES
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These birds are pure bred and will score from eighty to ninety points.
W. B. GERMAN,
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It will pay anyone in want of WALL PAPER to send 5c. to pay postage on our beautiful line of over 100 matched samples at lowest prices. Address P. B. CADY, 35 High St. Providence, R. I.

THE FORCE BILL.

A Michigan View of What It Means to the South.

The Republican national platform, in language very mild and guarded, but in language plain enough to be understood, according to the real meaning of it, demands that "such laws shall be enacted and enforced as will secure to every citizen, be he rich or poor, native or foreign born, white or black, the sovereign right [to vote] guaranteed by the constitution." Laying aside the fact that the constitution does not guarantee to any of the classes mentioned nor to any other classes the right to vote, the real meaning of this plank is the doctrine that the southern states of this Union shall go back to the days of reconstruction, when the negro took possession of our southern empire just as the barbarians took possession of the Roman empire. When the war closed a "force bill" was passed, by virtue of which the federal government guaranteed that "every citizen of the United States," to quote the language of the latest Republican platform, "shall be allowed to cast one free and unrestricted ballot in all public elections." This language is as innocent in form as would be a section from the sermon on the mount, but it means much mischief.

It means that the negro shall again be given the domination of the south as he had it during the reconstruction period. The younger generation, which was in its infancy during that period of the white man's woe, will scarcely be able to realize what the south suffered when all legislatures were black, and when the laws were made by ignorance too dense even to steal intelligently. During that period the southern states were saddled with debts aggregating $289,928,584. Annual taxes increased $75,000,000. And then $500,000,000 were stolen, and not a negro in the south today can show in thrift and wealth the evidence of his crimes. The New Orleans Times-Democrat well says that "it was the greatest steal of modern times;" but why it should not have called it the greatest steal of all times it is difficult to explain. It is this regime to which the Republican platform demands a return. Republican orators are trying to ignore this demand of their platform, but platforms are things made at mid day.

President Harrison is fully committed to the force bill doctrine, and must stand or fall upon the issue. The Atlanta Constitution well expresses the prevalent memory of the south concerning a past which will never be restored with the consent of the intelligent portion of the American people, thus:

Nor was this immense debt the only evil under the federal force bill and negro rule policy. There was no security for life, liberty and property. The two races were always in collision. Commerce and industry lagged; capital fled from the south; mob opposed mob, and lawless Judge Lynch became the only safeguard of law and order.—Detroit News.

He Furnishes Campaign Literature.

Josiah Quincy, chairman of the national Democratic committee on campaign literature, ably sustains the prestige of his honored name. He was born in 1859, was graduated from Harvard in 1880 and was admitted to the Suffolk bar in 1888. He was a member of the legislature of 1887, 1888, 1890 and 1891.

JOSIAH QUINCY.

He became secretary of the Civil Service Reform league in 1881, of the Tariff Reform league in 1883 and of the Democratic state executive committee in 1890. In 1891 he was made chairman of the executive committee. He was instrumental in forming the Young Men's Democratic club in 1888 and became its first president.

Let's Be Consistent.

If the usual taxes, above necessary protection and higher than war taxes, are advisable in forming tariff laws, why not make them positively prohibitory? Why not shut up the United States as China was formerly closed in? What was the object of the marked increases of taxes in the McKinley bill? Was it to reduce prices or to drive out foreign trade? If it reduced prices, what have our manufacturers gained?—Hartford Times.

A Pitiful, Halting Step.

The McKinley scheme was not designed to put the taxes into the public treasury, but into the pockets of the trusts, by means of price raising duties on a multitude of necessaries. The most that can be said for Republican reciprocity is that it is a halting step in the right direction.—San Francisco Examiner.

A Well Applied Term.

The Republican purpose, according to a Washington paper, to make an "onslaught" upon the south, aiming particularly at the Virginias, Alabama and the Carolinas. The word "onslaught" is well used, considering what they desire as the result of a visitation.—Winston (N. C.) Sentinel.

The importance of an intelligent and conscientious exercise of the privilege of designating those who are to be intrusted with high office cannot be overstated.—Adlai E. Stevenson.

The Boys Think So.

From the Philadelphia Record.

The two young ladies who have secured fellowships at Yale might be called Yale fellows well met.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON,
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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c. 8-26-4t.

Stories That Never Grow Stale.

From the Washington Star.

Man never outgrows fairy stories. When he reaches maturity, however he wants the man who tells them to be called "professor" and have access to a telescope.

Impressive stillness.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The Republican candidate for Vice-President had quite a welcome in Illinois, and although every native tin factory blew its steam whistles, it was so quiet wages could be heard dropping all over the country.

We're not waiting for the bats and moles but for men and women who have eyes and use them, who have brains and reason! There's a new world for them—suffering and sickly as they are—a new world created from the brain of a skillful physician—a discovery—the "Golden Medical Discovery."

Years ago Dr. Pierce found out that the secret of all scrofula, bronchial, and lung trouble lay—in the beginning at least—in impure blood and the weak tone of the system; that the way to cure these effects was to remove the cause, that human nature being the same, the same results might be looked for in nearly all cases. So confident was he that the exceptions were uncommon that he took the risk of giving the medicine to those it didn't benefit for nothing, and the results have proved that he was right.

And "Golden Medical Discovery" is the remedy for the million! The only guaranteed Liver, Blood and Lung remdy. Your money back if it doesn't help you.

What Shortened the Trip.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

"Why, hallo, old man! I thought you intended to make your European trip last year?"

"I did but my wife found a new fashion in gowns in Paris and hurried home to be the first to wear it.

Forced to be.

From the Yonkers Statesman.

Mrs. Yeast—Is your husband an early riser?

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—An early riser? Well, I should say so! Why, my husband's got four grown up daughters and only one pair of suspenders!

Every Testimonial.

In behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla is strictly true and will bear the closest investigation. No matter where it may be from, it is as reliable and worthy your confidence as if it came from your most respected neighbor. Have you ever tried this excellent medicine?

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend HOOD'S PILLS. They should be in every home medicine chest.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by C. A. Klein.

Lamp-chimneys cost so little that we let them go on breaking. We go on buying and grumbling.

What should we do?

Get Macbeth's "Pearl-top" and "Pearl-glass;" they are made of tough glass, tough against heat; they do not break in use; they do from accident.

They are fine, well made, exact; they fit the lamps they are made for; stand upright; the shade is right; they make a right draught for light; they are uniform. Both bear a label for your protection. Look for it.

Be willing to pay a nickel more and stop this constant expense and annoyance.

Pittsburgh, Pa. GEO A. MACBETH Co.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL.

Paper flower pots are a success.

Wooden heel manufacture is increasing.

England has 1,803,406 domestic servants.

Kansas has an orchard containing 1,078 acres.

New York city has $10,000,000 invested in clubs.

The world's railways are worth $30,000,000,000.

Electrical machines for weaving silk are in use in Germany.

Germany sells $10,000,000 worth of toys in England annually.

The Bell Company controls fifty-three telephone companies.

Pennsylvania has the greatest anthracite deposit in the world.

There were twenty-three theatres open in Philadelphia last season.

In Southern Europe 38,000 oranges have been picked from one tree.

Soiled clothes are done up in the laundries of Philadelphia at 4 cents a pound.

The Bank of England requires sixty folio ledgers for its daily accounts.

The diving apparatus is one of the latest objects to which the telephone has been applied.

Philadelphia is the only city in Pennsylvania in which a retail liquor license cost $1,000.

The amount of whalebone taken annually does not now much exceed 200,000 pounds.

A patent fishing rod handle is made to contain a half pint of whisky to be used in case of sickness.

The newest fuel consists of solidified petroleum, which is claimed to surpass both petroleum and coal.

In some of the brickyards at Springwells, Mich., scores of women, it is said, dig in pits and carry the molds.

Cuban barbers lather their patrons with their hands from a bowl made to fit under the chin. No brush is used.

The yearly consumption of milk at the Hotel Metropole, London, is 75,000 quarts, and of water 20,000,000 gallons.

Pineapple culture is rapidly extending in the southern parts of Florida and upon the islands off the southwest coast.

All of the mills in Taunton, Mass., will pay their help at the rate of sixty hours for fifty-eight hours' work per week.

Out of thirty-two cities with populations ranging from 200,000 to 50,000 all but one are using the electric railway system.

It is calculated that within ninety years, at the present rate of increase, Australia will contain about forty million citizens.

Telephones in service in the United States number nearly 512,500, and the total length of line is over a quarter of a million miles.

One man in Middletown, Del., shipped to New York 1,000 bushels of corncobs to be used in the manufacture of pipes.

The capitalists of New York live on and between Madison and Fifth avenues, above Washington Square and below Central Park.

One million three hundred thousand pounds' worth of pickles and sauces are exported from England to other countries yearly.

A good many farmers in Kansas will buy canned fruit this year whose hogs feasted on peaches and apples last season.—Kansas City Star.

The exports of grain since January 1, 1892, are nearly 23,000,000 bushels, a gain over the same time last year of over 21,000,000 bushels.

Of the thirty stores in Machias, Maine, six are owned and conducted by women, and are the most successful business establishments in the town.

Six successful hospitals have been founded for women by women physicians in Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Chicago, San Francisco and Minneapolis.

Fifty Silesian miners have started for China, where by contract they are to get $3.75 per day for working six hours. That is not "Chinese cheap labor."

The bank clerks of Denver jointly own a cottage in the Rockies, fifty miles away, where they all pass their vacations, occupying it in detachments during the summer.

In this conutry 33,000,000 acres of land are being farmed by irrigation. France owes its wonderful success in gardening to this system, and in late years Italy has spent over $200,000,000 for this purpose.

Of the 11,000,000 women in Italy nearly 2,000,000 are employed in industrial labor and over 3,000,000 in agriculture. They are in the majority in the cotton, linen and jute industries, and in the silk trade there are 117,000 women employed and but 17,700 men.

The best isinglass comes from Russia, where it is obtained from the giant sturgeon which inhabits the Caspian Sea and the rivers which run into it. This fish often grows to the length of twenty-five feet, and from its air bladder the isinglass is prepared.

A foreign paper states that the Cataract Construction Company, which is engaged in the construction of machinery for the utilization of Niagara Falls for power purposes, has ordered two 5,000-horsepower turbine water wheels from a Geneva, Switzerland, firm.

Several weeks before the fruit on the berry farms of New Jersey begins to ripen the growers are visited by an agent, who finds out how many pickers will be needed and agrees to furnish these by a specified time. This agent, generally an Italian, goes back to the Italian colony in Philadelphia, arranges with his people for the work to be done, goes to the farms with them and remains until everything has been settled with the farmer. They earn from 30 cents to $1.50 per day. They work about fifteen hours each day, breakfasting at 4 o'clock, lunching at 9, 12 and 3.30, and having a substantial meal at twilight, after the day's work is done.

It is a Mistake

To avoid Chestnut Street to get low prices for Clothing. We do not ask "Chestnut Street high prices" for our goods. We give you better clothes and lower prices than is asked in the stores on other streets. You need not take our word for it. A ten minute look will convince you that we are right.

Browning, King & Co.

Leading American Clothiers,

910 and 912 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

WARREN A. REED. *Opposite Post Office.*

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

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Only the best work done. Finest effects in light, and shade; negatives retouched and modeled for superior finish. Copying viewing and life size crayons.

Over H. L. Clark & Son's store.

BLOOMSBURG.

SPRING TONIC

And Blood Purifier

Proves its worth with the first bottle. It is Popular as a Tonic, Popular as a Blood Purifier, Popular to take as it is agreeable to all; Popular for Children, as it acts readily and leaves no bad results; Popular in prices, as it is within the reach of all. Manners' Double Extract Sarsaparilla is for sale by all Druggists. Only 50c a bottle.

FIFTY DOLLARS for LIFE SCHOLARSHIP.

No other School can do as much for Young Men and Women as

PALMS BUSINESS COLLEGE,

1709 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

You pay us $50. We educate and assist you to a GOOD SITUATION. Can you ask more? Circulars free if you name this paper.

We use Alcohol

pure alcohol to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING. Alcohol is good for leather; it is good for the skin. Alcohol is the chief ingredient of Cologne, Florida Water, and Bay Rum the well known face washes. We think there is nothing too costly to use in a good leather preservative.

Acme Blacking retails at 20c.

and at that price sells readily. Many people are so accustomed to buying a dressing or blacking at 5c. and 10c. a bottle that they cannot understand that a blacking can be cheap at 20c. We want to meet them with cheapness if we can, and to accomplish this we offer a reward of

$10,000

for a recipe which will enable us to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING at such a price that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c. a bottle. We hold this offer open until Jan. 1st, 1893.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

VIOLA CREAM

The Chain of evidence is now complete—that DR. HEBRA'S VIOLA CREAM is the only preparation that positively does all that is claimed for it. It removes Freckles, Liver-moles, Blackheads, Pimples, Tan, and all imperfections of the skin, without injury. A few applications will render a rough or red skin soft, smooth and white. It is not a cosmetic to cover defects, but a cure, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Price 50c. At druggists; or sent by mail. Send for testimonials,

G. C. BITTNER & CO.,
TOLEDO, - - OHIO.

READ THIS.

DOLLARS OFF.

When you want a suit of clothes, a new hat, gloves, neckwear and gents' furnishing goods, you should look for the place where you can get just what you want, in the latest styles, at reasonable prices. A few dollars off is always an object, and I am now making up spring and summer suits from a large assortment of goods, to suit all customers, at prices as low as are consistent with good work. Good fits guaranteed. The latest thing in straw hats are now here. Light as a feather. A beautiful line of neckwear, and summer shirts. Accurate measures taken for silk hats.

Next door to First National Bank. Bertsch, The Tailor, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

"FITNESS THE TEST."

THE ROCK BOTTOM PRINCIPLE OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Our Government at Present Uses Its Power to Decrease the Freedom of the Fit to Benefit the Unfit—Capitalists Aided, Workingmen Injured.

"Fitness should be the sole test," said Mr. Cleveland, in speaking of public office. And where freedom is to exist, fitness must be the test in everything, and the use of government must be only to allow the test to be made.

A government plainly commits a gross wrong when it interferes against fitness and in behalf of unfitness. Unless this is true and unless its truth is self evident, nothing can be established as true in political economy and in the science of political government.

In the affairs of a free people the question of fitness is raised and determined incessantly. Every transaction of business, every exchange of any kind, whether of labor or its product, involves it. And before any such exchange is possible it must be determined in some way, either by free bargain or by compulsion used against one of the parties to the bargain.

"How much of my kind of work ought I to give you for a certain amount of your kind of work?" is the bottom question with a free people, and it is only the question of fitness. Stated in another way it is, "How much of my time ought I to give you in exchange for a certain amount of your time?"

And thus stated it carries its own answer with it in another question, "What have you done heretofore to fit yourself to make my use of your time so valuable to me that I should give you this quantity of the products of my time?"

In trade the answer is: "Here is what I have produced or earned. I offer it in exchange for so much of what you have produced or earned." In co-operation in production the question is, "What are you fit to do in return for such a share of our joint product, or for so much money a day in wages as its equivalent?"

Wherever there is free bargain—and unless bargain is free there is no freedom—everything raises and turns on the question of fitness. Justice demands that the highest fitness should receive the highest return, and this is only possible under freedom.

Let us imagine a system under which a confession of unfitness would be sufficient to secure for the confessedly unfit privileges and advantages superior to the rest and at the expense of the rest! Could we imagine a government more unjust in theory or more opposed in practice to all the laws of nature and civilization?

In such a government the unfit would apply to the lawmakers, saying: "We are not fit to secure the advantages we wish unless you compel others to help us. But with such compulsion in our favor and against those who are more fit than we for independence we solemnly promise that we will help those who are even less fit than we are."

Such a government must use its force to decrease the freedom and to lessen the independence of the fit for the benefit of the confessedly unfit. And such a government we have now in America. Every claim made for help under the compulsion of law, forcing others to give it, is based on confessed unfitness, and it is a plea that superior fitness should be by force of law subjected to this confessed unfitness. "We are unfit to survive on an independent basis," says a combination of capitalists. "We cannot get along at all unless those Americans who are more fit for independence than we are by law compelled to aid us. If we do not have the privilege of this compulsion over others through laws passed for our benefit we will have to close up and quit."

This is the argument, and the answer is: "Close up and quit if you are not fit to keep open and going. The quicker the better. And if you are so unfit that the rest must support you, go to the poorhouse, which is the only privilege a just government can concede to unfitness at the expense of fitness."

The bottom principle of the Democratic party has always been this, that "fitness is the sole test" as far as government is concerned in any and all its relations with the individual. The government owes no help to the unfit, because government is compulsion, and to restrict the liberties of those who are fit for freedom and independence to give privileges to those who are not fit is to create anarchy; to destroy the only foundation on which government can securely rest—the foundation of fitness—the maintenance of the test of fitness in all the relations between man and man.

The unfit should be helped by the free action of the fit. To deprive them of free action, to make the contribution for unfitness compulsory, is destroy freedom and to make justice impossible. No government can long endure on such a basis.—St. Louis Republic.

No Dodging Here.

It is foolish to pretend that the Democracy is trying to dodge the tariff issue or to refrain from availing itself of the advantages that have accrued and must still accrue from the unpopularity of the McKinley law. The Democratic position on the tariff is the Democracy's strongest point, and it will cling to that position and denounce the force bill at the same time. There is no conflict between these issues.—Binghamton (N. Y.) Leader.

Revolts Against the Republicans.

From every part of Iowa comes news of revolts and revolutions against the Republican party. Voters are becoming tired of years of robbery and plunder under the guise of taxation, and hundreds will vote the Democratic ticket in order that another party may have an administration just to see if relief can be obtained.—Burlington (Ia.) Gazette.

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1827. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

—PUBLISHED BY—

ELWELL & BITTENBENDER

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

At Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1892.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
of Illinois.

STATE.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.
GEORGE A. ALLEN, Erie.
THOMAS P. MERRITT, Berks.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE.
CHRISTOPHER HEYDRICK, Venango.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE.
MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT, Tioga.
JNO. C. BULLITT, Philadelphia.
THOMAS B. KENNEDY, Franklin.
DAVID T. WATSON, Allegheny.

FOR DISTRICT ELECTORS.

Samuel G. Thompson,	Clem't R. Wainwright,
Adam S. Conway,	Charles H. Lafferty,
W. Redwood Wright,	George R Guss
John O. James,	William Moian,
James Duffey,	Charles D. Breck,
S. W. Trimmer,	Samuel S. Leiby,
Azur Lathrop,	T. C. Hippie,
Thomas Chalfant,	W. D. Himmelreich
P. H. Strubinger,	H. B. Piper,
Joseph D. Orr,	Charles A. Fagan.
Andrew A. Payton,	John D. Braden,
Michael Leibel,	Thomas McDowell,

J. K. P. Hall.

COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,
S. P. WOLVERTON,

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,

The Towanda *Review* and the Athens *News*, two independent Republican papers of Bradford county, support the fusion ticket. Politics will be lively in Bradford this fall.

The republican Congressional Conferees of the Seventeenth district met at Danville Monday and placed in nomination Chandler Eves of Millville, Columbia county.

All who expect to vote this year for the first time should have their names placed on the assessors list before Thursday Sept. 8, and have the word "age" marked after their name. Those who have just moved into the district should have the letter "R" placed after their name. Let every democrat attend to this important matter at once.

The Western Campaign fund that is being raised throvgh the efforts of the New York *World* is growing at the rate of almost $1000, a day. The COLUMBIAN last week published a list of fifteen who each gave one dollar. We expect a much larger list in a week or two. Who will join it? Send in your names with amount from ten cents up, and we will acknowledge in the columns of THE COLUMBIAN, and forward to the Western Campaign Fund, box 2,354, New York city, or if you prefer, send in your money direct.

The republican senatorial conference of the twenty-seventh districts composed of Union, Snyder and Northumberland counties, on Friday last succeeded in nominating a candidate after taking 214 ballots. The Union county conferees withdraw their candidate, and W. H. Hockenburg, of Milton, Northumberland county, was nominated. The Union county conferees refused to make the nomination unamious, and withdrew from the conference in an ill-humor. The district is republican by about 1200, and with a total vote of 20,000. It will take hard work to elect Hackenburg. The present member is Samuel D. Bates of Lewisburg, Union county, who served one term. Mr. Bates was a soldier and a director in many public works about Lewisburg.

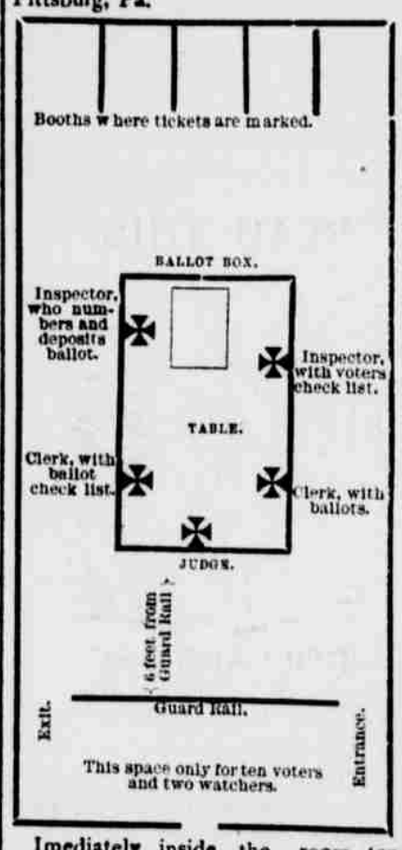
In another column we give a draft showing a form of room for voting, and the manner of seating of the election officers. We purpose from week to week to publish all information we can gather that will aid the voter. We should be pleased to have any of our patrons send in questions relative to this new system of voting, and we will answer through the columns of THE COLUMBIAN. The democratic club of Bloomsburg will soon erect several booths and hold mock elections, so that the masses may be educated to vote rapidly. Under the law three minutes is allowed each voter. We shall be pleased to assist any democratic club in the county in getting specimen ballots.

The New Ballot.

The County Commissioners have received instruction from the state department of the number of booths and annex that will be required in each township in Columbia county. The booth is composed of three sides thus ⊓ while the annex has two sides ⊓ and when joined to the booth makes two complete booths in this manner ⊓⊓ They all fold together in the shape of doors, being 2 feet 8 inches wide, and the sides 2 feet 6 inches deep. We give below the number of booths and annexes that will be required in each township, together with a list of the registry of votes.

	Votes.	Booths.	Annex.
Beaver.	216	1	4
Benton.	351	2	6
Berwick E.	390	2	6
" W.	395	2	6
Bloom 1 dis.	247	1	4
" 2 dis	239	1	4
" 3 dis.	340	2	5
" 4 dis.	347	2	5
Briarcreek.	328	2	5
Catawissa.	554	3	9
Centralia.	468	2	8
Centre.	283	2	4
Conyg'm N.	353	2	6
" S.	208	1	4
Fishinger'k.	348	2	5
Franklin.	122	1	2
Greenw'd W	146	1	2
" E.	198	1	3
Hemlock.	229	1	4
Jackson.	160	1	3
Locust.	433	2	7
Madison.	258	1	5
Main	147	1	2
Mifflin.	261	2	4
Millville Bo.	143	1	2
Montour.	160	1	3
Mt. Pleasant	120	1	2
Orange.	252	1	5
Pine.	220	1	4
Roaringer'k.	133	1	2
Scott E.	254	1	5
" W.	131	1	2
Sugarloaf N.	212	1	4
" S.	131	1	2

The room in which elections are to be held must contain at least 225 square feet. The shape of the room is not essential, except to fulfill the requirments of the law. We copy the following from the "Keystone voters Guide', published by Wm. Bennett of Pittsburg, Pa.



Imediately inside the room ten voters, awaiting their turn to prepare ballots, and one watcher from each party are allowed. No electioneering is allowed in the inclosure, nor no circulars or bills posted. A card of instructions and penalties and sample ballots are posted up.

The guard rail must be six feet from the table containing the ballot box. The voter enters the gates of the guard rail at the right gets the ballot from the clerk, passes to booth, gives it to an inspector who deposits ballot in box, and passes out at the left of the guard rail. No voter can enter the room after once voting unless he be called in to assist another in preparing a ballot. The voter before passing through the guard rail must give his name and residence to one of the election officers; if the voter be challenged his right to vote must be established before he can be admitted. As soon as a voter is admitted within the guard rail the election officers having charge of the ballots shall detach a ballot from the stub and give it to the voter, but first fold it so that the words printed on the back and outside, are the only words visible. Four voters may be allowed inside the guard rail in excess of the number of polling booths.

After the closing of the polls any voter or voters shall be admitted in the room outside of guard rail.

The democratic State Central Committee opened headquarters at No. 1432 South Penn Square, Philadelphia, September 1st.

When weak, weary and worn out, Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine to restore your strength and give you a good appetite.

The Campaign in New York.

The fact that New York is a doubtful State in Presidential elections will only stimulate the democrats to more determined efforts to carry it.

Doubtful though it is, the chances of carrying New York are favorable to the Democrats.

In seven successive Presidential elections the State has been carried alternately by the two great parties. This is the Democratic year.

In nine successive elections for State officers the Democrats have won. The State government is now entirely in Democratic hands, and this is a strong point in an election.

In the last election for representatives in Congress the Democrats carried twenty-three of the thirty-four districts by an aggrgeate plurality of nearly 80,000. They repeated the victory last year, with national issues at the front, by a plurality of nearly 50,000.

The new election laws, insuring a secret ballot and requiring registration in the country as well as in the cities, will materially help the Democrats.

The candidate for President, though nominated against the voice of the New York delegation, is loyally supported by all Democrats and will receive the votes of thousand of independent citizens.

What RICHARD CROKER has just said for Tammany Hall is said or felt by the local leaders everywhere; they are determined that "the next President must be a Democrat," and are put upon their honor and their mettle to give to CLEVELAND and STEVENSON the largest vote ever cast for Democratic candidates in this State.

But in order that these good omens may be fulfilled, and these loyal purposes realized, certain things must be done.

I. The party must be thoroughly organized organized as TILDEN marshalled the Democratic voters in his day, and as HILL has arrayed and inspired them for the past seven years.

This must be done through the regular organization in the usual way. Any voluntary association of Democrats is at liberty to hold all the meetings and distribute all the documents that it please; but the attempt in any county either to discredit or to ignore the committee regularly constituted and commissioned by the party would inevitably result in division disaster. All such misguided zeal should be resolutely suppressed.

II The principles of the Democratic party have been plainly and authoritatively declared in the national platform. They should be boldly and persistently defended. No party ever won, or deserved to win, by cowardice, concealment or evasion.

The Democratic party is a tariff reform honest money, anti-Force-bill, anti-monopoly party. A winning fight in this State can only be made by a courageous assertion of Democratic principles and purposes

III. There must be a speaking as well as a reading and an organizing campaign. A "still hunt" in a Presidential year is an absurdity and an invitation to defeat.

IV. At the proper time there must be a careful attention to the registration of voters and to the instruction of election officers in their duty.

In all of this work THE WORLD will help to the utmost of its resources and ability. It reaches every election district. It is read equally by Democratic, Republican, Independent and doubtful voters. And while giving the news of both parties impartially, every number of THE WORLD, as the campaign progresses, will be a document of the sort that is read—an appeal to the reason that is sure to be heard.

The next President must be a Democrat.

And to that end the electoral vote of New York is highly desirable and may be absolutely necessary.—*The World.*

Fusion Growing all Around.

It seems to be settled that the Republicans of Arkansas will withdraw their ticket for Governor and other State officers to be elected on the 1st Monday of September, and cast the solid vote of the party for the People's State ticket, and the People's party will in turn cast their solid vote for the Republican Presidential Electors in November. Both Weaver and Field, the People's candidates for President and Vice President, have been actively stumping in Arkansas, and they are hopeful of carrying their State ticket by a fusion of the two parties.

The same fusion was aggressively tried in Arkansas two years ago, and it was defeated 20,000. It is estimated that the People's party is now stronger in Democratic recruits than it was then, but the experience of Alabama is likely to be repeated in a break of the colored vote in view of the Force Bill issue so pointedly presented in Harrison as the Republican candidate for President. Then the open trade of the Presidential Electors to the Republican and Force Bill candidate for President will be likely to make many Democratic converts fall back into the old Democratic ranks.

The State election in Arkansas will be held on Monday next, and we shall soon have the result of the fusion movement in the South.

The election of the People's State ticket is among the possibilities in Alabama, and if it shall be accomplished, what then? At first blush it would inspire the supporters of Harrison to claim a divided South in the Electoral College, but if the division of the South shall be made probable, what must be the effect of this People's victory on the dozen or more wobbling Western States? If they can win in Arkansas, why can't they win in Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Nevada, Idaho, the two Dakotas, Minnesota and Michigan and throw Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and possibly California, Oregon and Washington either way? Looking at the success of fusion with the People's party as we may, it presents a double-edged sword. If the solid South can be broken by the new party, the greatest hindrance to the breaking of a solid Republican West would be removed, and the probable outcome would be the loss of two or three Southern States to the Democrats and the loss of a dozen Western States to the Republicans, with the defeat of both candidates in the Electoral College and the election of Cleveland by the House.

WORK IN THE WEST COMMENCED.

DEMOCRATS PLEASED WITH THE CHICAGO BRANCH HEADQUARTERS.

A large number of despatches, principally from the States west of the Ohio River, were received at the Democratic National Headquarters congratulating and praising the Campaign Committee for establishing branch headquarters in Chicago.

The action of the committee was the principal topic of conversation at headquarters, and all the prominent callers were enthusiastic over the prospect of successful fighting campaign in the doubtful Western States.

Senator Calvin S. Brice, of Ohio, in speaking of the Western headquarters said: "The conditions have greatly changed since 1888. when the contest turned upon the voters of New York, New Jersey Connecticut and Indiana. Since then so many Western States have gone Democratic in State and Congressional elections that any result favorable to the Democracy may be regarded as probable. Under these circumstances special effort in that section of the country has become justifiable and proper, and likely to promote the success of the Democratic National ticket"

Senator Eppa Hunton of Virginia, spoke with much confidence of the result of the Presidential election in his State. The Republicans imagine they are going to press us very hard in Virginia, he said, and they are preparing to use the third party movement to draw strength away from us much as possible. But they are reckoning without their host.

F. G. du Bignon, ex-President of the State of Georgia, and Chairman of the Georgia delegation to the Chicago Convention, said yesterday: I have been making several speeches in Georgia against the third party men, and I think that the Democratic organization has the situation well in hand. I am convinced there is no danger of our party losing the State, and that she will roll up our accustomed Democratic majority in November.

Senator du Bignon, who is regarded as one of the most eloquent speakers of the South, has, at the request of the National Committee, agreed to deliver addresses in the west and in Northeastern States, including New York.

Gen. Martin T. McMahon, the Tammany Hall Senator of the Eighth New York District, spoke to the following effect in his observation on the condition of the campaign in his and adjoining States:

The situation this year is peculiar, and differs from that of previous Presidential contests. In fact, people are everywhere moving in their respective localities without waiting for machine impulse or instructions. In this way, while formal State action is not in advance of previous years, the campaign is really further on.

Instruction, impaired in 1888, has been enforced by subsequent events and the campaign of education on the evils of monopoly taxation has been carried on steadily through striking object lessons within the experience of all with other great issues. The freedom and locol control of popular elections has been brought in peril and the people are rising to defend the home-rule ballot-box against concerted assault, which applies to all sections of the country alike. I have no more doubt about Cleveland and Stevenson carrying New York than I have about my own election last year to the seat in the Senate which I now hold.

Smith M. Wood, of Plattsburg, was also a caller at headquarters. He said the situation in his part of the State never looked more encouraging. Reports received of Cleveland and Stevenson meetings everywhere are strongly gratifying on account of the spontaneous enthusiasm exhibited, and the fact that the gatherings exceed the expectations of the promotors.

A conspicuous illustration was the banner-raising meeting at New Rochelle on Tuesday night, which was addressed by Senator Daniel W. Voorhees. There were gathered from 2,500 to 3,000 people, among them 300 or 400 women. As he discussed the leading issues of the tariff and Force bill the audience manifested the greatest interest, and upon the conclusion of the speech broke out into wild cheering.

Mr. Cleveland Amazed.

HE BITTERLY DENIES THAT HE WAS THE MEDIUM THROUGH WHICH 20,000 PEOPLE WERE MADE HOMELESS.

Michael Shelly, a merchant of Chattanooga, got into a discussion recently on national politics with a Republican neighbor who asserted "during Mr. Cleveland's administration he (Cleveland) permitted Land Commissioner A. J. Sparks to turn out 20,000 families from their homes in Minnesota and other Northwestern States." Mr. Shelly adressed a letter to Mr. Cleveland on the subject and received the following reply:—

"GRAY GABLES, BUZZARD' BAY, Mass., Aug, 22, 1892.

MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter of the 12th inst. is at hand. In reply I have to say that I have not the least idea what 'your worthy friend' meant when he declared that 'I had been the medium through which 20,000 families were made homeless and lost their all fighting for their rights.' I am perfectly well aware that I have been the means of saving some homes to my countrymen and have tried very hard to make the burden of their lives easier. I am amazed at receiving from the Southern country letters containing charges like that which you bring to my attention.

"I am surprised, first, at the ingenuity necessary for their concoction without the least semblence of foundation. I am more amazed that with my record before the people of this country such baseless lies should be deemed sufficient arguments to prejudice me, and the cause which I for the time being represent, in the minds of the Southern people.

"Very Truly Yours,
"GROVER CLEVELAND."

The emigrant Steamer Moravia arrived in quarantine at New York Tuesday night with Asiatic cholera on board. Twenty-two steerage passengers had died on the ten days voyage and were buried at sea.

MARRIED.

At the M. E. Parsonage in Buckhorn, Pa., August 25, 1892, by Rev. S. P. Boone, Mr. Frank Shoemaker to Miss Ida Rhone, both of Buckhorn, Pa.

Mrs. William Lohr

Of Freeport, Ill., began to fail rapidly, lost all appetite and got into a serious condition from **Dyspepsia** She could not eat vegetables or meat, and even toast distressed her. Had to give up housework. In a week after taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

She felt a little better. Could keep more food on her stomach and grew stronger. She took 3 bottles, has a good appetite, gained 22 lbs., does her work easily, is now in perfect health.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills. They assist digestion and cure headache.

YOUNG MEN WANTED.

We want the brightest, quickest and most aggressive young men and women to take the
Business Course,
Stenographic Course,
Normal Course this year.

The great ambition of all young men to entersome profession opens wide the door to clerical work and to business and creates a demand for young men and women in this line.

An evidence is that 324 sent to us last year for clerks, Book-keepers and Stenographers. Early enrollment necessary.

DAY SCHOOL,
NIGHT SCHOOL

Opens August 29th. A catalogue will do you good. Call or write for one.

WOOD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Scranton, Pa.

8-12-4t

You Like To Think You Are Well.

—000—

You hope that tired feeling, that nervousness, irritability, indigestion, confusion of ideas and general lack of vigor will pass away with the warm weather. You are

Leaning on a Broken Reed.

You have lived "not wisely, but too well." Your physical, and perhaps mental, powers have been overworked and need some special elements of nutriment not supplied by ordinary food.

YOU NEED BRAINOLINE.

If your druggist don't keep it, write for sealed circular to.

STANLEY MEDICINE CO.,
(Star Drug Store) 62 S. Main St.
Wilkes-Barre.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE,
EASTON, PA.

Seven courses in Arts, Philosophy and Science, Civil, Mining and Electrical Engineering, and Chemistry. Annual Commencement, June 29th. Fall term begins September 15th. For Catalogue, address

THE REGISTRAR, Easton, Pa.

Every one suffers from Catarrh in the Head. Those who don't have it suffer from those who do. It's a disease you can't keep to yourself.

Here are some of the symptoms: Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid, and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. But only a few of these likely to be present at once.

The cure for it—for Catarrh itself, and all the troubles that come from it—a perfect and permanent cure, is Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The worst cases yield to its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties. A record of 25 years has proved that to its proprietors—and they're willing to prove it to you.

They do it in this way: If they can't cure your Catarrh, no matter how bad your case, or of how long standing, they'll pay you $500 in cash. Can you have better proof of the healing power of a medicine?

PURE OLD RYE AND WHEAT WHISKEY.

We formerly had bonded warehouse room sufficient to store 8,000 gallons of whiskey, which we considered a stock sufficient to meet our trade, but we found however, the demand for our whiskey such, that for us to be able to get a larger stock of old whiskey, we were compelled to increase our storage room and have just completed an Ironclad bonded warehouse with a capacity sufficient to store 20,000 gallons of whiskey.

We aim to sell no whiskey less than one year old and from that on up to the oldest we have in stock except in original packages, thereby giving our patrons the benefit of the age.

What we claim over a great many other distillers:

FIRST, Briarcreek being a rich fertile valley, we are able to get a superior quality of grain to manufacture our whiskey from.

SECOND: Having our flouring mill in connection with our distillery we clean all our grain for distillation over a rigid process of the smutter, thereby, making it as clean as the grain that is ground into flour.

THIRD: We hand mash, double distill our whiskey and then re-distill on a copper distill.

FOURTH: We leach our whiskey well thereby getting out the fusil oil and all impurities, which new whiskey contains.

FIFTH: We use no second-handed barrels, our whiskey is all put in new, clean, Indiana White Oak barrels which is considered the best barrel in the market.

SIXTH: It is a known fact that the hotter whiskey is kept the faster it will age, therefore, we heat our bonded ware-house with steam so the thermometer will register 70 degrees, when the temperature is at zero.

We have never distilled any corn, and do hereby guarantee all our whiskey positively pure rye or wheat and for purity and quality we defy competition, and to any person who will find any poisonous drug in our whiskey, put in by us, as it leaves our distillery or sales-room we will forfeit $600.00.

ASH & BRO.,
BRIARCREEK,
6-10-3mo. Col. Co., Pa

Some one has said that a bargain is an article sold under its real *value*. Some advertisers are not believers in this theory or are as economical of the truth as they are with their bargains.

But "an honest tale speeds best being plainly told." This is our purpose in offering *Wall paper* bargains. They are bargains because they are as we represent them, full length, full weight, bona-fide goods.

We know one instance of a bargain in wall paper which after it was on the walls lead pencil marks showed through. Whose was the bargain?

Come and see us before buying elsewhere.

W. H. BROOKE & Co.

$6.55 PRESENT FREE!

Beautiful book containing the latest vocal music full sheet-music plates, handsome cover, including the following gems, unabridged:

Afterwards,	40	I've Worked Eight Hours,	40
Baby's Fast Asleep,	40	I Whistle and Wait,	40
Comrades,	50	Love's Golden Dream,	40
God Bless Our Land,	25	Old Organ Flower,	40
Go Pretty Rose,	50	Our Last Waltz,	40
Guard the Flag,	40	Over the Moonlit Sea,	40
In Old Madrid,	50	Sweet Katie Conner,	40
Mary and John,	40	What is Love,	40

We give this book to introduce to you KROUT'S BAKING POWDER And KROUT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS, *Unsurpassed for PURITY and STRENGTH.* Your grocer will give you a circular containing additional Premium List with full particulars how to get them free.

ALBERT KROUT, Chemist, Phila.

Wood's Phosphodine

The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses.* Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases: is the *only Reliable and Honest Medicine known.*

Ask druggist for WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlet in plain sealed, envelope 2 stamps. Address. THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO, 131 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Bloomsburg by Moyer Bros., J. H. Mercer, C. A. Kleim, G. A. McKelvy and all responsible druggists everywhere.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1892.

A democratic club will be organized at Benton next week.

The Lutheran Ladies are busy getting ready for Bazaar and Thanksgiving dinner in November.

Joseph May died at his home on Fifth street, Monday aged about 46 years.

You will miss a treat if you fail to hear Jane Coombs at Opera House next Thursday.

George B Cadwallader of Sunbury has declined the republican nomination for Congress in this district.

Thusday of next week, September 8th is the last day to be assessed. Attend to it at once, so that no democratic votes will be lost.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has issued an order prohibiting its employes from visiting saloons or any place where liquor is sold.

Wm. C. Mears, father of our townsman Camden Mears died at his home in Fishingcreek township Monday morning. Funeral services were held Wednesday.

There will be a meeting of the Young Men's Democratic Club at Grange Hall this (Friday) evening. Let there be a large turn-out as business of importance will be transacted.

Clark M. Brown, a former citizen of Bloomsburg died at his residence at Harrisburg, Tuesday, from Bright's disease, after an illness of but five day. He was buried at Harrisburg Thursday.

If you expect to vote on age, see that you are registered and marked "voting on age." It will save time on election day. Only five days yet remain to attend to getting your name in the registry list.

The people of Bloomsburg will have the pleasure of witnessing one of the finest plays in the Opera House next Thursday evening, September 8th in the person of Jane Coombs with her select troupe.

A special meeting of Theta Castle No. 276, K. G. E. will be held on this Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Every member of the Castle is requested to be present as business of importance is to be transacted.

Messrs Girton and Hidlay at Leonard street, are forging ahead in their business. Last Saturday evening they appeared with four horses hitched to their large wagon, and took a party of young people to the festival at Espy. Mr. A. C. Hidlay done the driving.

About seventy-five relatives and friends of Caleb Barton assembled in Oak Grove Tuesday, to celebrate Mr. Barton's 80th birthday. Among the elderly persons were Mrs. Catharine Barton of Espy, aged 89, and Mrs. Evaline Rupert of Bloomsburg, aged 82.

F. D. Dentler, manager of the Opera House takes great pleasure in announcing an engagement with the famous actress Miss Jane Coombs who will appear in her celebrated character "Lady Dedlock" in the play of "Bleak House," by Charles Dickens, supported by her own special company. Bloomsburg Opera House, Thursday, September 8th.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office and will be sent to the dead letter office September 13, 1892.

Miss Minnie Deighmiller, Mrs. F. M. Leighter, Mrs. P. S. Rogers, Mrs. K. C. Russel, Mr. R. Stanley, Miss E. R. Sinton, Miss Katie T. Welch, Mrs. Allie Young.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they were advertised August 30, 1892. One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART, P. M.

Allow me to add my tribute to the efficacy of Ely's Cream Balm. I was suffering from a severe attack of influenza and catarrh and was induced to try your remedy. The result was marvelous. I could hardly articulate, and in less than twenty-four hours the catarrhal symptoms and my hoarseness disappeared and I was able to sing a heavy role in Grand Opera with voice unimpaired. I strongly recommend it to all singers.—Wm H. Hamilton, Leading Basso of the C. D. Hess Grand Opera Co. 9-2-2t

WANTED. Girls to do laundry work. Apply to Laundry, Center street, Bloomsburg.

THE COLUMBIAN will be sent for the next three months, covering the campaign and election to any address in the county for 26 cents. 9 2-4t.

Don't Forget.

That D. M. Stearns of Scranton will meet his bible class in the Reformed church Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Every body invited and expected to be present.

Winner and Derr liverymen, took the Friendship Fire Company to Millville last Satuday evening to attend a Firemen's festival.

Julius Lindegren, the piano tuner, and repairer, will be in town again the latter part of October. He is a reliable tuner, and has a large number of pianos in charge here. Orders may be left at Peacock's Hardware store. 2t.

County chairman James H. Mercer, is busily engaged making the preliminary arrangements for getting out a good democratic vote. Books have been sent to all the Committeemen with instructions to get the names of every voter in the several districts. The Committeemen will also appoint a vigilence Committee to aid in getting out the voters. Under the new ballot law each party is entitled to three watchers whose names must be sent to the Judge of election, and they only are allowed inside the building next to the guard rail. If all democrats will join the chairman in his work we can give Cleveland and Stevenson 3,000 majority.

It is said that "the locomotive engineers of Pennsylvania have decided to take steps to get rid of the boy operator. The sort of curse he is, no one knows better than the engineers who do not propose to have him endanger their lives any longer. They will ask the next Legislature to pass a bill providing regulations for the employment of telegraph operators. The requirements they advocate will be that every person before taking an office shall have had one year's experience; shall not be under 21 years of age, and shall not be assigned to block signal work without having had some experience in that kind of work."

To those who have read any of the prior numbers of "Tales From Town Topics," it is quite sufficient to merely announce that No. 5 (Sept.) is now out, and they will hasten to get a copy. To those who have been so unfortunate as not to have seen this brilliant Quarterly, we can say that a rich treat is in store for them. No collection of short, racy, intense stories, charming, bright poems and sketches, crackling jokes and witticisms, comparing with this, has ever been produced. TOWN TOPICS is world-famed as the spiciest, boldest, most entertaining of Weeklies, and the "Tales" are the best gleanings from its numbers of past years. No. 5 is fully equal to, if not better than, its sparkling predecessors. Price, 50 cents, post-paid. TOWN TOPICS, 21 West 23d street, New York.

EAST BENTON.

J. F. Ashelman of this place owns a sow that had a litter of pigs last week, a pair of which formed twins with one head. When discovered they were dead.

Judge Krickbaum took a trip to Bloomsburg last Saturday.

Our people are making preparations for fall seeding.

Bruce Cary still holds forth at the Cambra hotel.

Our boys are looking forward towards the day of political redemption.

Grain is turning out poor. The yield of both winter and summer crops will be light.

Our republican friends need take no alarm at the prospect of "Tariff reform," or "Free Trade" as they call it. If it does not prove beneficial to the farmers, protection will be reinstated. But the experiment will now be made.

The weather has become much cooler since the late rains.

The steam threshers are busily at work all around, and the horse power threshers are also busy.

Why are there so many strikes this year? Is it because the McKinley bill raised the wages of the workingmen? There is some cause for it and we should like to know.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Programme of Ceremonies Attending the Dedications of the Buildings of the World's Columbian Exposition, October 20, 21, 22, 1892, Chicago, Illinois, U. S. A.

When the Congress of the United States authorized the commemoration of the Four Hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by an International Exposition to be held in Chicago during the summer of 1893, it also provided that the Exposition building should be dedicated on the twelfth day of October, 1892, with "appropriate ceremonies" Subsequently, by act of Congress, this date was changed to October 21, 1892.

Aside from international interest in this fitting prelude to the magnificent picture of the World's progress that will be presented in 1893 this dedicatory service will furnish an opportunity for the world to behold the extent of the preparations which are being made for the Exposition.

The task of preparing a programme of ceremonies which will appropriately herald the greater spectacle commemorating the discovery, development and progress of the New World, has been a work involving great care and the consideration of many difficulties. The following programme of the dedicatory exercises and incidents connected therewith is submitted as the result of this thought and purpose:

The evening of Wednesday, October nineteenth, a grand reception will be tendered the President of the United States, his cabinet and other distinguished guests at the Auditorium. After the close of the ceremonies on each of the three succeeding evenings, there will be magnificent pyrotechnic displays.

Thursday' October Twentieth.

THE CIVIL CELEBRATION.

The first day will witness an imposing procession, indicative of peace, contentment and prosperity, participated in by civic organizations which will be reviewed by the President of the United States, his cabinet, the Congress and other honored guests.

In the evening, at Jackson Park, amid myriads of electric lights and other displays, a water pageant. "The Procession of the Centuries," will move through the beautiful waterways of the Exposition grounds, illustrating with beauty and historic accuracy some of the great facts of history connected with the discovery of America, such as the condition of this country prior to the landing of Columbus; striking event in the life of the great discoverer; important epochs in American history and the World's progress in civilization. The vessels upon which these tableaux will be represented vary from 40 to 53 feet in length, modeled after the naval architecture of the period represented; for example, "Columbus before the Court of Spain," will be represented upon a vessel modeled after the lines of the "Santa Maria."

Friday, October Twenty-first.

DEDICATION DAY.

The National salute at sunrise will inaugurate the ceremonies of Dedication Day. The President of the United States, his Cabinet, members of the Supreme Court, members of the Senate and House of Representatives, distinguished foreign guests and governors of the different states and territories with their official staffs, will be escorted by a guard of honor composed of troops of the United States Army, detachments of the United States naval forces and regiments from the various state National Guards, to the Manufactures and Liberal Arts building, in which the dedicatory exercises will be held.

At one o'clock in the afternoon in this building the following dedicatory programme will be carried out under the direction of the Director General:

1st Columbian March. Written for the occasion by Prof. John K Paine.

2d. Prayer by Bishop Charles H. Fowler, D. D., L. L. D., of California.

3d. Dedicatory Ode. Words by Miss Harriet Monroe, of Chicago; music by G. W. Chadwick, of Boston.

4th. Presentation of the master artists of the Exposition and their completed work, by the Chief of Construction.

5th. Report of the Director General to the World's Columbian Commission.

6th. Presentation of the buildings for dedication by the President of the World's Columbian Exposition to the President of the World's Columbian Commission.

7th. Chorus, "The Heavens are Telling"—Haydn.

8th. Presentation of the buildings for dedication by the President of the World's Columbian Commission to the President of the United States.

9th. Chorus. "In praise of God."—Beethoven.

10th Dedication of the buildings by the President of the United States.

11th. Hallelujah chorus from "The Messiah."—Handel.

12th. Dedicatory oration, Hon. Wm. C. P. Breckinridge, Kentucky.

13th. "The Spangled Banner" and "Hail Columbia," with full chorus and orchestral accompaniment.

14th. Columbian oration, Chauncey M. Depew, New York.

15th. National salute.

At the close of this programme a special electric and pyrotechnic display will be given, with a repetition of "The Procession of the Centuries."

Saturday, October Twenty-second

THE MILITARY CELEBRATION.

A series of military manoeuvres and parades will constitute the main portion of the day's program. In the evening attractive and appropriate celebrations will be provided, followed by a magnificent display of fireworks.

A number of brilliant social entertainments will be given by the citizens of Chicago during the three evenings of the dedication celebration.

WASHINGTON LETTER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29, 1892.

Boss Platt has been given his price, and he has agreed to help Mr. Harrison's man Carter try to elect the man he fought so bitterly at Minneapolis. Such is the story which reached me from authentic republican sources. His price is the promise that he shall be made Secretary of the Treasury, if—the "if" is as big as a mountain in this case—Mr. Harrison is reelected, and he has not taken a verbal promise from a third party as he did from Steve Elkins in 1888, but he has it in his "inside vest pocket" in black and white over the autograph of Mr. Benjamin Harrison. Senator Quay, who is now in Florida, on a fishing trip, has also been partially, if not entirely "placated". He told a friend when he passed through here a few days ago, that he had promised to give the republican national committee a month of his time before the election.

If these things show anything they show that the republican bosses, much as they dislike Harrison, are going to do their level best to elect the republican ticket, and if there are any democrats who have been counting upon republican defection as a serious factor towards democratic success let them read the signs with profit, and remember that it is work, hard work and lots of it, that elects candidates, and remembering that, let them jump into the fray with enthusiasm and stir up all their lagging brethren, and there will be no real doubt about the result. There are dozen of good reasons why Cleveland and Stevenson should be elected and not a single good reason for their being defeated, but reasons do not count in the ballot box; votes are what carries the day, and in order to get out the votes every democrat must work, work, work, from now until the victory is won.

Representative J. De Witt Warner, brings encourgaing news from New York, where he says everything looks unusually bright for the democrats who he says are coming together beautifull. He finds that the sentiment throughout the State is all that any one could ask toward the national ticket. He also says that there is no reason to suspect disloyalty from any democratic organization in the State while there is every reason to expect that every democrat in the State, and he is satisfied that this means a good healthy majority of the voters, will do his best from now on for the ticket. He spoke lightly of the circular issued last week in Erie county, and said he did not think it would result in any harm.

There is no cholera panic among the officials of the Marine Hospital Service, which represents the national government, in dealing with the introduction or spread of epidemic diseases, bnt a commendable activity has been shown in taking steps to prevent the landing of any cholera patients in our seaboard cities, and also to prevent the disease making its way in by way of Canada. The old revenue cutter Ewing is to be used as a floating hospital at the Cape Charles quarantine station, while another revenue cutter will aid in making inspections of European steamers.

It is understood in the General Land Office that no Commissioner will be appointed to the vacancy made by the resignation of Mr. Carter, to become chairman of the republican national committee, until after election, so that if Mr. Carter fails in his efforts to re-elect Mr. Harrison, which he is most likely to do, he can get a little consolation by having his old place given back to him, and by drawing the salary until Mr. Cleveland appoints his successor. Should Harrison win he is ooked for Noble's chair.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
—OF VALUABLE—
REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned administrator of estate of Rebecca May late of Bloomsburg will sell on the premises on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a m the following described real estate.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situated in the town of Bloomsburg, bounded as follows to-wit: On the east by land of Lafayette Creasy, and James Cadow, on the North by Brugler's alley, on the west by land of E. H. Harror, on the south by Fifth street. This lot is 25 feet front on Fifth street, and 190 feet deep, more or less, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house.

TERMS OF SALE. Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid upon striking down of the property; the one fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

C. G. BARKLEY, Atty. I. W. WILLITS, Administrator.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism,

Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,

Impaired digestion, gout, billious-headache. SWAMP-ROOT cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,

Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

A FARMER'S AWFUL DEATH.

MAN, HORSE AND CARRIAGE FALL OVER AN EMBANKMENT AND ARE STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

A fatal runaway accident occurried in the public road near Tivoli, Lycoming county.

William Taylor, farmer aged 60, was driving a spirited horse at a point called The Narrows, where the public road winds around the hillside thirty feet above the track of the Williamsport & North Branch Railroad.

A freight train, dashed along and frightened the horse, which became unmanageable. Taylor jumped out and seized the horse by the bridle, but the animal jumped forward and man, vehicle, and horse fell over the embankment to the tracks thirty feet below.

Taylor's head struck on a rail, and the wheels of a freight car passed over his neck completely decapitating him. The horse rolled under a car and was mangled. No car was derailed by the horse's body. The vehicle was reduced to a pile of wreckage. The unfortunate man resided over the Sullivan County line, where he leaves a family.

Consumption

That dreaded and dreadful disease! What shall stay its ravages? *Thousands say* Scott's Emulsion of pure Norwegian cod liver oil and hypophosphites of lime and soda has *cured* us of consumption in its first stages. Have you a cough or cold acute or leading to consumption? Make no delay but take

Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula, and all Anaemic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

BUSINESS LOCALS.

BRISTOR H.,

is a young stallion, two years old, owned by C. E. Hower of Bloomsburg. He was sired by the celebrated trotter, Frank M., some of whose colts have made great records. His dam is a Morgan mare with three minute record. Bristor H. will stand for the season of 1892 at the stable of C. E. Hower, Bloomsburg. Terms $25.00 tf.

Pretty straws for children at Lowenberg's.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic acts directly on these vital orgaus. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at C. A. Kleim's Drugstore, 50c. per bottle.

Clearing out Light Suits; a few left at Lowenberg's

Nice lace straws for ladies and children, 37 cts. at Stohner's.

Hats trimmed free of charge thi month at Stohner,s.

Female Weakness Positive cure

TO THE EDITORS:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from deranged female organs. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any lady if they will send their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, DR. W. B. MARCHISI, 90 GENESSEE ST., UTICA, N. Y.

Lace straws for 25 cts. at Stohne'rs

A nobby line of summer shirts at Lowenberg's.

Straw hats, and Flowers all reduced at Stohner's.

Mrs. Stohner has just returned from Phila. with the latest novelty in Summer Millinery.

For Wall Paper and Window Shades go to Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Get a cheap and stylish hat now at Stohner's. No charge for trimming.

Deeds, single and double acknowledgement, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

A fine crayon portrait given with every $10 worth of goods purchased at J. A. Hess, the shoe dealer.

Don't fail to call at J. A. Hess', and examine his fine line of shoes for summer wear, Oxford Ties, etc., before purchasing elsewhere.

No old goods, all new styles. When we secure a bargain our customers have the benefit.

See our large hats for children, only 25 cts., at Stohner's.

Glasses fitted free of charge at J. G. Wells.' All workguaranteed.

Clerical coats in Alpaca etc., at Lowenberg's.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of Sundry writs of Fieri Facias, and Alias FieriFacias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, and to me directed, will be sold at public sale or outcry, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, '92,

at two o'clock in the afternoon at the Court House, in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, the following real estate, to-wit:

NO. 1.

All that certain lot of ground in Mifflinville, Mifflin township, Columbia County, Pa., marked and described in the plan of Mifflinville by number (125) on hundred and twenty-five in lot, bounded on the north by Second street, on the east by lot number one hundred twenty-six, on the south by Third street, and on the west by lot now or formerly of Mary Gearhart, said lot being 200 feet in depth and 66 feet in width, (200 by 66); as the property of A. R. Fedder.

NO. 2.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Centralia, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: On the north by Railroad street, on the east by lot of John Johnson, on the south by an alley, and on the west by lot of Thomas Boran, containing 25 feet front and 150 feet deep; as the property of John J. Curran.

NO. 3.

All that lot or piece of ground situated in the borough of Centralia, county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the north by Second St., on the east by an alley, on the south by lands of the Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Company, on the west by Locust Avenue, said lot being twenty-five (25) feet in front on said Locust Avenue and of that width one hundred and fifty feet (150) in depth. And being the lot which is marked——in block number——as laid out by the Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Company; as the property of Margaret Duffy.

NO. 4.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situated in the township of Conyngham, county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the north side of Rock street, fifty feet west of northwest corner of Rock and Myers street, thence along said Park street south eighty-seven degrees west twenty-five feet to a stone, thence north three degrees west one hundred and fifty feet to an alley, thence along said alley north seventy-seven degrees east twenty-five feet to a stake, thence south three degrees east, one hundred and twenty-five feet to the point of beginning, being the the lot marked with the number ten (10) in, block number one hundred and eleven (111) in town of Centralia, as laid out by the Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Company in the map or plan of said town of Centralia; as the property of Margaret Murrey.

NO. 5.

All that farm or tract of land situate in Benton township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Adam Belles, east by lands of Jacob M'Collum, south by lands of John Beishline and Elias Pealer, and west by lands of Peter Ipher and Catherine Lutz, containing

FORTY-ONE ACRES,

or more, exclusive of the grave yard; as the property of David Doty.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold by JOHN MOURFY,

August 19th. Sheriff.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, ——Term 1892.

Notice is hereby given, that an application will be made to the said Court on Saturday the 3rd day of September A. D. 1892 at ten o'clock under the act of assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended Corporation to be called "Grozier's Military Band," the character and object whereof is the promotion of musical culture amongst its members and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of assembly and its supplements.

The proposed charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's office.

Aug. 9, 1892. CHARLES C. EVANS, Solicitor.

VICTORY IN ILLINOIS.

CARTER H. HARRISON THINKS THE STATE IS DEMOCRATIC.

All That Is Needed Is to Open the People's Eyes with an Old Fashioned Ringing Campaign—The President's Weakness and Stevenson's Popularity.

From the tone of eastern exchanges received by The Times it is evident they do not fully realize the importance of the "old northwestern" states in this year's contest for the presidency. The "old northwestern" states here alluded to are the five of which Illinois is the geographical center and Chicago the metropolis—Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa and Illinois. Indiana has been, pending several national political contests, a doubtful state, with a disposition to go Democratic, more because of the strong hold upon its affection secured by the old Democratic warhorse, Thomas A. Hendricks, than because of any general change of political sentiment. The other four have no very prominent man under whose leadership the Democracy could or would rally and stand shoulder to shoulder.

These four states have been considered by the Republicans safely and securely theirs. They have thought Illinois their impregnable Gibraltar. Silently, insidiously, slowly and almost imperceptibly at times, however, the foundations of their fortification have been undermined, and during what are termed off years the whole superstructure has seemed ready to topple over. The causes of this disposition to disintegration are inherent in the very makeup of the party. The bulk of its members, rank and file, imagine themselves thinking men, and are prone to run after new notions and to bow down before political fads. They think themselves men of moral ideas, and as such are easily ready to ally themselves with those who are in pursuit of catching ephemeral isms.

CARTER H. HARRISON.

Political ideas and great fundamental political truths are rarely one and the same. The Democracy boasts not of ideas. It intrenches itself behind a breastwork of fundamental truths. These are and have been ever one and the same, varying somewhat as times change, and expanding more or less as men grow and wax in education and experience. Democrats are satisfied with the doctrines of Jefferson, of Jackson and Tilden, and run not after new things. If they are sufficiently moved to go to the polls they vote straight in off years as well as in presidential years.

The Republicans, on the other hand, priding themselves in their progressiveness and independence, are apt to run after new fangled isms in off years and then satisfy their political consciences by voting straight at presidential elections. The east is far more homogeneous than is the west, and is more under the influence of neighborhood opinion. Even in Illinois, an old state compared with those behind her, men are known to each other only for a comparatively short time, and are less afraid of the charge of having changed an opinion. Having deserted their party during an off year and thereby permitted a Democrat to get into office, Republicans find such Democrat to be an honest man and that their affairs have not been ruined.

The political monster heretofore seen through the mists of party prejudice now becomes a man and a fair one. They drop insensibly away from their party and drop into Democratic folds, or more probably they stay away from the polls. This process goes on very slowly, but steadily, and has a more lasting effect than when men run off in masses after a favored leader. Iowa fell off from the Republican party because of prohibition. There is a well grounded hope that the falling away is permanent. Wisconsin in the off year deserted the Republican party because it proposed to rob the parent of the control of the education of its child. Wisconsin Democrats are confident they will carry the state for the national Democracy this year.

The same contest has been made in Illinois, but has not as yet been decided. It was a drawn battle. The opponents of paternalism laid down their arms, but have been keeping them bright and in good order, and this year will renew the engagement with undiminished courage and sturdy resolve. The Republicans are trying to dodge the issue. Their leaders declare it is dead. The Republican press, which two years ago had the "little red school house" standing out on each page of every issue, now freely promise that the obnoxious features of the compulsory education law shall be modified. But the large and determined Lutheran electorate and the huge Catholic population refuse to trust them. They fear the too freely offered "wooden horse." The Lutherans have heretofore been stanch Republicans. They do not object to paying their taxes for the support of public education, but they prefer to send their children to their own parochial schools and pay for their tuition.

The compulsory education law demands that every child of a certain age shall each year attend a public school twelve weeks, but permits that a certificate of attendance for a like number of weeks at a private school shall exempt the child's parents from fine, provided such school shall be approved by the regular board of education, and that certain elementary studies shall be conducted in English.

The Lutherans object to both of these provisions. They claim that it is difficult for them to force their children to continually speak German; that the tendency is to speak the dominant language of the country, and that the habit of acquiring the elementary studies in German alone grounds the language into their minds so they will retain it through life; that pride of appearing well among the larger American population tends to make all American born children of foreign parentage acquire English and speak it well in spite of their use of their own language in the parochial schools; that therefore the compulsion to study the elementary courses in English is a needless act of tyranny. They claim, too, that so long as they pay their school taxes the attempted espionage of school boards into their parochial schools system is unrepublican and naked tyranny.

The Democracy holds that the natural guardian of the child is its parent, and while the state may possibly have the right to compel a reasonable amount of education, it has no right to demand through a school board by whom that education should be imparted. That a certificate that a child has been to school twelve weeks in the year is as much as the state should demand. It does not believe in a paternal government, and holds that the home and the family should have the right to have inscribed over the doorway "Intrare non" to every one, except under necessities of public safety.

The obnoxious clauses in the law were forced by a Republican legislature and signed by a Republican governor, now again candidate for re-election, and at the last legislature, though promises were made to expunge the obnoxious features, it was a promise made only to be broken. The Lutherans will vote for the Democratic candidate Altgeld almost to a man. They will more than probably carry to him from 20,000 to 30,000 votes heretofore solidly Republican.

Now, look back twelve years. In 1880 Garfield's majority in Illinois was 40,000. Cullom's a little less. In 1884 Blaine's majority over Cleveland was 25,122; Oglesby's, over your correspondent, 14,500. In 1888 Harrison's over Cleveland 22,195; Fifer over Palmer, 12,500. The Lutherans at each of these elections voted a straight Republican ticket. There is reason to believe that to a man the German Lutherans will oppose Fifer, and it is hoped that a heavy percentage of the Swedes and Norwegians of the same church will rally with their German coreligionists.

State pride will carry many wavering and weak kneed Republicans to Stevenson. All men respect and honor Cleveland.

But, on the other hand, Harrison has winning ways to make men dislike him. Reid's name falls out west as a cold blanket. But Adlai Stevenson appeals largely to men's hearts. He is known to be a frank, kindly man who belongs to the people—is one of them. In this respect the Democratic ticket is stronger than the Republican. No Republican ever speaks with any warmth of either Harrison or Reid. All they can say is Harrison has given a clean administration. But what president gave a cleaner one than Cleveland? No Republican will deny that the country will be safe in his hands. It is a common expression among business Republicans that no harm will come to the country with either Harrison or Cleveland.

There is as yet no enthusiasm in politics in this state. The skirmish line has not been thrown out. The cleanness of the last two administrations to a great extent tends to repress any marked enthusiasm. This condition continuing will have a worse effect upon the Democracy than upon their opponents. Why? Decorous quietude tends to keep men in accustomed lines. Now, there is a general tendency among the young men to lean toward Democracy; possibly from the natural disposition of young men to set up for themselves and to show themselves free from leading strings. In the east young men go west. In Illinois young men stay in the state. These young men delight in the excitements attending a presidential election. They are disposed to join in a hurrah. Without this hurrah they will be apt to vote as their fathers have done; with it they will gravitate to the Democratic party. There is an army of young men in the state who have never voted for a president. Their first vote for one is to them a momentous thing, and they will wish to cast it to the tune of political music.

A change of 11,036 votes from those of 1888 will carry Illinois from Harrison to Cleveland. These will easily be found among the Lutherans and among the young of all kinds if there be but music enough to put life and metal in their heels. A cold campaign will give the state to Harrison and Reid, but not to Fifer. He is doomed. A red hot campaign will give it to Cleveland and Stevenson. State pride can be aroused with the name of Adlai Stevenson. A campaign full of dash and noise will cause the young to rally about their own fellow citizen. Cleveland's name and administration are a better theme for a stump speaker than that of Harrison. The national committee should look well to it that from the opening of the campaign to the day of election the western prairies should hear the rattle of musketry and the roar of cannon. Democratic national committees have heretofore found delight for their manipulations only in the east. The Republican committees have had able representatives in the west. The result has been marked. Let the Democratic committee awaken to the fact that Illinois is a battleground where victory may be won or lost.—Carter H. Harrison in New York Herald.

AN ADLEBODIED INFANT.

How our infant industries expect to be helped along.

A MIRACLE WORKER.

The McKinley Bill Makes Goods Cheap and Makes Goods Dear.

Ask the first protectionist you meet why American manufacturers need protection, and he will say that without a tariff foreign manufacturers would put goods into the American market at prices so low American manufacturers could not live.

That is the only excuse for a tariff. The only necessity is to protect American manufacturers against low prices. The tariff is intended to secure for the American manufacturer better prices than he could command without it. He is supposed to distribute a portion of his returns in better wages to his men.

Manifestly a tariff which does not accomplish this purpose of maintaining prices is a failure. American manufacturers do not have to be protected against high prices. High prices benefit them. It is high prices they are seeking.

Free trade, we are told, would "flood the country" with cheap goods; our manufacturers could not meet these low prices and live. Hence the tariff.

This has been the argument back of every tariff bill which has been pushed through congress. This has been the burden of every argument in behalf of a tariff from Hamilton to McKinley. It was this dread of cheap clothing which inspired every speech Mr. Harrison made in the campaign of 1888, and every Republican orator sought to terrify the American workingmen with the specter of cheap goods bringing low wages.

But now consider the arguments with which the Republican journals are loaded. The whole theory of protection as taught prior to 1890 has been abandoned, and today we are told that low prices are not an injury, but a benefit to the country; that low prices are always accompanied by high wages, and that the McKinley tariff secures both these boons for the American people.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Sheehan Is a Democrat.

Since the Chicago convention the attitude of Mr. Sheehan, though he was a sorely disappointed man, has been such as to inspire a high opinion of his loyalty and zeal, even among Democrats who had been factionally opposed to him. He has certainly displayed an honorable and unselfish spirit, and his energy and good example in the early days of the campaign will not be forgotten. In his own county of Erie Mr. Sheehan will, we have no doubt, give satisfactory proofs of his earnestness and good will, and through the state his influence will be exerted to the advantage of the ticket.—Rochester (N. Y.) Herald.

One Result of Protection.

That which chiefly conspires to make Pennsylvania the seat of bitter strikes is the fact that in its mountainous mining sections the land affords few resources for locked out men. If enforced idleness in summer is to remain a standing result of overprotection the deserted farms of New England offer a summer refuge for the unemployed in industrial establishments, attended with the best of moral, sanitary and money saving results.—Boston Globe.

The Milk in the Cocoanut.

Republican organs are making a great ado over the appropriations of the present congress, which threaten to reach those of the billion congress. While we would like to see much smaller appropriations, it must not be forgotten that Czar Reed's billion dollar congress cunningly increased the permanent expenditures with pension bills, sugar bounties, river and harbor steals, etc., so that the hands of the present congress have been tied.—Saratoga Sun.

Another Nail in Harrison's Coffin.

Here is another ugly nail for the president's political coffin. He cannot afford to lose Indiana, yet it is plain that it is impossible for him to carry it. Dudley is not to manipulate the blocks of five this year, and the secret ballot checks the course of corruption. Harrison has made enemies, the Blaineites are after him and Hoosierdom is in the hands of his foes.—Maquoketa (Ia.) Sentinel.

A Rocky Road to Washington.

It is a noticeable fact that Republican organs and stump speakers are this year bending their energies not to the gaining of new converts to the faith, but are endeavoring to inspire a little enthusiasm in the breasts of "the old guard" and to win back the runaway sheep into the fold.—Alton (Ills.) Sentinel.

Hill Will Help.

If Senator Hill should decide to take an ocean trip he will remain away but four or five weeks, and will actively participate in the campaign on his return.—Oswego (N. Y.) Palladium.

Get Ready to Shell Out.

Mr. Harrison, through Mr. Carter, will soon begin the "fat frying" again, and notice is hereby given to the tariff beneficiaries to shell out.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The difference in women.

Some women are tireless in their home work. Some are tireless in their work for the church. They laugh, they sing, and are happy.

You remain at home broken-hearted, for you are utterly unable to make any effort whatever.

The horror of "Female Complaints" is upon you; you have that distressing "bearing-down" feeling, your back aches, you are nervous and despondent, don't care to move, want to be left alone, your digestion is bad, and you are wholly prostrated.

Ah! dear sister, don't you know that Lydia E. Pinkham's *Vegetable Compound* will reach the cause of all this trouble, and you will surely be well.

Don't hesitate. Get the remedy at once. It will cure you sure.

All druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence, "LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICAL CO., LYNN, MASS. Liver Pills, 25c.

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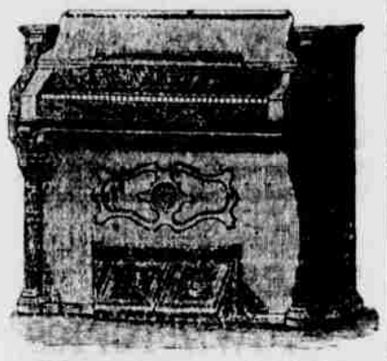

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FOR GOVERNOR OF MICHIGAN.

Judge Allen B. Morse, Whom the Democrats Have Nominated.

Judge Allen Benton Morse, of Ionia, the Democratic nominee for governor of Michigan, is at present chief justice of the state supreme court. He was elected to the bench in 1885 by a majority of 29,000 over Judge Thomas M. Cooley, who was nominated by the Republicans and indorsed by the Prohibitionists. On the bench he has strengthened his popularity with the people by his interpreta-

JUDGE ALLEN B. MORSE.

tion of the law, and in the campaign he will have the support of the colored voters almost solidly, of the great army of railroad employees, of the farmers and of the working classes. It is charged against John T. Rich, the Republican nominee, that when railroad commissioner his sympathies were distinctly on the side of the corporations, and this charge, made by members of his own party, in the convention will be used against him in the campaign with deadly effect. Mr. Rich also has been in the field for gubernatorial honors for nearly twenty years, while with Judge Morse the honors were thrust upon him. In nominating Judge Morse the Democrats were forced to retire Governor Winans, the present incumbent, but the first telegram of congratulation received by the nominee was from Governor Winans, and gave the heartiest assurance of support. Judge Morse is several thousand votes stronger than his party, and his popularity will help pull the ticket through and will go far toward the election of presidential electors and of members of the next legislature.

THE DINNER PAIL.

The Republicans' Claims Disproved by the Aldrich Report.

Over and over again it has been said by Republican writers and speakers that utensils of tin are no higher than they were before the passage of the McKinley bill.

The report of the Aldrich committee, of which Republicans boast so much, effectually disposes of this contention. In this report the price of an article on June 1, 1889, is put down at $100, and the price at subsequent dates is estimated upon that basis. The wholesale price of dinner pails was the same in September, 1890, as in June, 1889. In January, 1891, it was $106.25, and it remained at that figure until September, 1891, the date when the report closed.

This means that the number of dinner pails that could be bought for $100 in September, 1890, cost in the following year $106.25. The same report shows that tin milkpans that cost $100 in June, 1889, cost $110.86 in September, 1891.

That the increase of price was not greater is due to several circumstances. The enormous importations made before the law took effect overstocked the market for a time. Afterward prices abroad declined, as they had been doing for years before—not every year, it is true, but the general tendency was downward, so that the foreign price declined from five cents a pound in 1880 to three cents in 1885 and subsequent years. The foreign price has also declined since September, 1891, but the tariff has prevented our consumers from getting the benefit of it.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Why People Are in Distress.

The people are in distress because the principles of the Democratic party have been violated for twenty-five years. During all this period the policy of federal legislation has been directed by the Republican party and directed against the interest of the people. Restore Democratic ascendency and you restore prosperity again.—Raleigh Chronicle.

Ours is a government of the people. It is wisely provided in our federal constitution that once in four years political power shall return to the hands of the people.—Adlai E. Stevenson.

Democracy Forever.

[Air—"Battle Cry of Freedom."]

Let us sound a battle cry
For the conflict drawing nigh,
Down with Protection next November!
Let us rally, boys, once more,
As we did in eighty-four;
Down with Protection in November!

CHORUS.

Democracy forever! Hurrah, boys, hurrah!
Down with Protection and McKinley's Tariff law.
'Tis the writing on the wall,
"Lo! they totter to their fall."
Down with Protection next November!

It shall be no idle boast,
Cleveland leads our valiant host,
Down with war taxes next November!
Swells the cry from hill and plain,
"We'll elect him once again,
Down with war taxes next November!"

Though the plutocratic crew
Shower gold and silver too,
Down with corruption next November!
O'er the land, from shore to shore,
They shall purchase power no more,
Down with corruption next November!

As some mighty river rolls,
Let us rally to the polls,
Down with robber tariffs next November!
We shall win the world's applause,
We shall gain the people's cause,
Down with robber tariffs next November!

—New York World.

Hog's Lard —AND— Ice Water —MAKE— Dyspepsia.

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For Rupert 6.10, 7.45, 11.36 a. m., 12.15 3.15, 5 00, 6.30, 11.15 p. m. Sunday 7.58, 10.21 a. m., 4.28 7.03 p. m.
Trains for Bloomsburg
Leave New York via of Philadelphia 7.45 a. m., 4.00 p. m. and via Easton 8.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m
Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m., 6.00 p. m.
Leave Reading 11.30 a. m. 7.57 p. m.
Leave Pottsville 12 30 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.21 a. m., 9 28 p. m.
Leave Williamsport 9 50 a. m., 4 25 p. m. Sunday, 8.00 a. m., 4.25 p. m.
Leave Catawissa 7.00, 8.30 a. m. 1.30, 3.19, 6.10 11.16 p. m. Sunday, 7.45 a. m., 4.15. p m.
Leave Rupert 6.21, 7.08, 8.27, 11.43 a. m., 1.37, 3.27, 6.19, 11.23 p. m. Sundas, 7.59, 10.12 a. m. 4.22 p. m.
For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Girard Avenue Station, Phila. (P. & R. R. R.) 3.55, 8.01, 11.27 a. m., 1.37, 3.56, 5.42 7.13 p. m. Sundays 3.55, 8.02, 11.27 a. m., 3.56, 5.42, 7 13 p. m.
ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.
Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street Wharf.
FOR ATLANTIC CITY.
Weekdays—Express, 5.15 (excursion 6.45), 8.00 9.00, 10.45 a. m., 1.00 (Saturdays only 1.30), 2.00, 3.00 (10 minute flyer 3.30), 4.00, 5.00 6.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00, a. m. 4.15, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.
Sundays—Express 5.14, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00 9.30, 10.30, a. m., 4.30 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m. and 4.45 p. m.
Returning, leave Atlantic City depot, and Arkansas avenues, weekdays—7.00, 7.20, 8.00, 9.00 10.00 a. m. and 3.15, 4.00, 5.30 (Excursion, 6.00), 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 4.10, 5.20, 8.10 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
Sundays—Express 3.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 9.30 p. m Accommodation, 7.20 a. m. and 5 05 p. m.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Pers. & Gen'l Manager. C. C. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE LACKAWAN NA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 20	1 10		
Cameron	6 35	...	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5 5
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5 5
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 39	6
Rupert	7 14	2 31	10 44	6 6
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6 6
Briarcreek	7 41	...	...	6 6
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	6 6
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	6 7
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	...	7 7
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7 7
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	.....	7 7
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 7
Avondale	8 30	3 51	....	7 7
Plymouth	8 35	3 56	11 56	7 7
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	.....	7 7
Kingston	8 45	4 08	12 03	7 7
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 8
Maltby	8 52	4 12	....	8 8
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 18	8 8
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 8
Pittston	9 08	4 20	12 22	8 8
Duryea	9 12	4 34	.....	8 8
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	.....	8 8
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	15 35	8 8
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	.....	8 8
SCRANTON	9 35	4 55	12 46	8 8
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 0
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	...
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 48	6 1
Lackawanna	6 18	10 07	1 52	6 2
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6 2
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6 3
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6 3
Wyoming	6 40	10 26	2 11	6 4
Maltby	6 44	10 28	....	...
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 4
Kingston	6 54	10 35	2 25	6 5
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	...
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 0
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 38	7 0
Nanticoke	7 14	10 53	2 43	7 1
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7 1
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 2
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 17	7 4
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7 5
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 33	7 5
Briar Creek	8 09	....	3 40	...
Willow Grove	8 13	11 50	3 44	8 0
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 50	8 0
Espy	8 24	12 04	3 58	8 1
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 1
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 2
Catawissa	8 43	12 23	4 18	8 2
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 32	8 4
Chulasky	9 02	....	4 40	..
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 5
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 0
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & R. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect May 22, 1892. Trains leave Sunda EASTWARD.

9:45 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:50 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.; New York, 9:35 p. m.; Baltimore 6:45 p. m.; Washingto 8:15 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5.25 p. m. Train 12 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10:55 p. m. Baltimore 10:40 p. m. Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:22 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m.; New York 7:10 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a. m.—(Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 a. m., New York 9:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:30 a. m., Pullman Sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:18 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:45 a. m. and Washington 10:06 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

2:04 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:10 a. m —Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:56—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:30 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9:05 4p. m.—Train 21, (Daily,) for Williamspo. and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:10 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:05 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:30 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m. (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m., Philadelphia 11:40 a. m., Washington 10:50 a. m., Baltimore 11:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:30 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 21 leaves New York 9.00 p. m., Philadelphia 4:35 p. m., Washington 3:25 p. m., Baltimore 4:30 p. m. (Daily) arriving at Sunbury 9:05 p. m. Through Parlor car from Philadelphia. week days.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:30 p. m., Philadelphia 9:20 p. m., Washington 7:40 p. m., Baltimore 8:45 p. m., (Daily except Saturday,) arriving at Sunbury, 2:04 a. m. with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:10 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12.10 p. m. Hazleton 12:15 p. m., Pottsville 1.25 p. m.

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 5:35 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:26 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 7:50 p. m. Hazleton 7:56 p. m. Pottsville 9:05 p. m.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 7:25 a. m. Pottsville 6:00 a. m., Hazleton 7:10 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 8:47 a. m., Sunbury 9:40 a. m.

Train 10 leaves Pottsville 1:50 p. m. Hazleton 3:04 p. m. Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:31 p. m., Sunbury 5:15 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 p. m.

Train 26 leaves Wilkes-Barre 5:10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:36 p. m., Sunbury 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R

Taking effect MONDAY, NOV. 17, 1890.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A. M.	NORTH. Lv. A. M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv P. M.
Bloomsburg	6 08	12 10	7 15	8 35	2 35	6 40
Main Street	6 18	12 04	7 07	8 42	2 42	6 47
Ironda'e	6 16	12 00	7 04	8 45	2 45	6 50
Paper Mill	6 08	11 52	6 56	8 53	2 53	6 58
Lightstreet	6 05	11 49	6 53	8 56	2 56	7 01
Orangeville	5 57	11 38	6 43	9 06	3 07	7 06
Forks	5 45	11 27	6 33	9 15	3 17	7 20
Zaner's	5 42	11 24	6 30	9 20	3 20	7 24
Stillwater	5 37	11 19	6 25	9 27	3 25	7 29
Benton	5 28	11 09	6 16	9 37	3 33	7 39
Edens	5 23	11 04	6 11	9 41	3 38	7 44
Colee Creek	5 20	11 00	6 09	9 44	3 42	7 48
Sugarloaf	5 12	11 17	6 03	9 48	3 46	7 52
Laubachs	5 24	10 54	6 00	9 53	3 50	7 57
Central	5 03	10 48	5 53	10 00	4 00	8 07
Jamison City	5 00	10 40	5 50	10 10	4 05	8 10
	Lv. P. M.	Lv. A.M.	Lv. A.M	Ar. A.M	Ar. P.M.	P

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MOCHA, JAVA & RIO.
COMBINED IS WHAT LION COFFEE IS MADE OF
IT PLEASES EVERYBODY

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

MUSIC LESSONS.

Chas. P. Elwell, for the past three years a student in Boston, is giving lessons on piano and violin. Both taught in the best methods, piano in New England Conservatory method, violin according to the German school.

WANTED, Respectable family having no young children of their own to board a little boy for $2.co per week and give attention to his moral training. Address Children's Aid Society, 127 So. 12th St., Philada., Pa.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all, eight bottles: it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at C. A. Kleim's Drug store, regular size, 50c. and $1.00.

"The Yeddo straw hats" newest and lightest hat made at Lowenberg's.

EQUESTRIAN LIVERY.

Charles E. Hower has opened a livery stable at the rear of his premises on Third street, where he keeps saddle horses to hire. He has five head, well broken, safe for ladies and children. Thus far he has been well patronized. He will accompany those who are just learning to ride, if desired. tf.

An elegant line of neck wear at Lowenberg's.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor.

Two Harvest Excursions.

VIA THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL R'Y, ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 30TH AND SEPTEMBER 27TH, 1892.

Where the grasses are kissed by the wand'ring breeze,
And the fields are rich with the golden grain;
Where the schooner ploughs through the prairie seas,
To its destined port on the western plain;
Where homes may never be sought in vain,
And hope is the thriftiest plant that grows;
Where man may ever his rights maintain,
The land is as free as the wind that blows.

For further particulars apply to the nearest Ticket Agent, or address John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, 486 William Street, Williamsport, Pa.
7-8-12t.

Of Interest to Young Men.

Young men desiring a successful start in business life should write to Palms Business College, 1709 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, for handsome circulars, which will be sent free, provided you name this paper. This institution issues a Life Scholarship for Fifty Dollars, and secures situations for its graduates. This is a rare chance for those who wish to become bread winners.

HAY FEVER
Relieved at once, and gradually taken out of the system by
Dr. Hoxie's Certain Croup Cure.
The greatest remedy known for the complete prevention and cure for Pneumonia, Diptheria, Croup, Catarrhal Colds, and Bronchitis. 50 cts.
A. P. HOXIE, Buffalo, N. Y., M'f'g'r.

Wolverton Nominated by Acclamation.

The democratic Conferees of the Seventeeth Congressional district met at Sunbury Saturday morning August 27th in the parlors of the city hotel to place in nomination a candidate for Congress. The Conferees were as follows: Columbia, J. K. Bittenbender, Bloomsburg; B. J. Doyle, Centralia; Montour, Thomas Chalfant, William Kase West, both of Danville; Northumberland, G. W. Armstrong, Sunbury; H. M. Snyder, Shamokin; Sullivan, Dr. Francis Chaffee, Forksville; C. E. Jackson, Bernice.

Thos. Chalfant of Montour was made Chairman, with J. K. Bittenbender and Dr. Chaffee as secretaries.

On motion of G. W. Armstrong of Northumberland and Wm. Kase, West of Montour, Hon. S. P. Wolverton was named as the unanimous choice of the Conferees, and his nomination made by acclamation. A Committee consisting of Mr. West and Dr. Chaffee waited upon Mr. Wolverton and announced the action of the Conferees. Mr. Wolverton appeared and in a pleasant speech assured the Conferees of his appreciation of their action and of the instructions the Conferees received from each county embraced in the district. He hoped that all the democratic nominees in the district would be elected and offered himself for any work that he might be called upon to do. Addresses were made by Mr. West and Thos. Chalfant of Montour and Dr. Chaffe eof Sullivan.

The Conferees stated that they believed perfect harmony to prevail in the several counties in the district and that Cleveland and Stevenson would receive increased democratic majority.

Orangeville Academy, Orangeville, Pa.

Begins the next school year under a new management. A first class Preparatory Institution, open to both sexes. Prepares for Business, for Teaching and for entrance to higher institutions. Course in Shorthand and Typewriting. Expenses Low, Pleasant Location. For Circulars, etc., address

W. C. MAUSER, Principal,
Orangeville, Pa.

Next term opens, Sept. 6. 8-12-4t.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors that the following administrators, executors, guardians, accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, Monday, September 26th, 1892, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day.

No. 1. First account of Thos. W. Edgar administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Martha J. Edgar late of Scott twp. Col. Co. deceased

No. 2. First and final account of Owen W. Cherington administrator of Peter Swank, who was Trustee of Harriet Eveland, a daughter of John Herner deceased.

No. 3. First and final account of Jacob Fenstemacher administrator of the estate of Catharine Fenstemacher, late of Main twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 4. First and final account of John S. Kline, Testamentary Guardian of Reuben O. Davis as filed by H. W. Kline Executor of John S. Kline, late of Benton, deceased.

No. 5. First and final account of John S. Kline, Testamentary Guardian of Nora L. Davis as filed by H. W. Kline, Executor of John S. Kline deceased.

No. 6. First and final account of Charles L. Workheiser, Executor of Charles Workheiser, late of Mifflin twp., deceased.

No. 7. First and final account of S. Emma Eves, Executor of Saran Eves, late of the borough of Millville, Col. Co., deceased.

No. 8. First and final account of Wm. Houghton, Guardian of Mattie Fowler, a minor child of John F. Fowler, late of Pine twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 9. First and final account of Joseph Maust, Executor of Jacob Wampole, late of Madison twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 10. First and final account of Jacob Carl, attorney in fact for the heirs of Joseph Carl, late of Locust twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 11. First and final account of Wm. Hagenbuch, Executor of Mary A. Hagenbuch, late of Orange twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 12. First and partial account of H. H. Grotz, Executor of Ezekiel Cole, late of Sugarloaf twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 13. First and final account of Wilson Yeager, administrator of Joseph Tyson, late of Locust twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 14. First and finel account of Jacob Carl, Executor of the estate of Matilda Carl, late of Locust twp., Col. Co, deceased.

No. 15. First and final account of John W. Fortner, Executor of B. P. Fortner, late of Catawissa, Col. Co., deceased.

No. 16. First and final account of Amos W. Dreibelbis, administrator of John G. Shoemaker late of Madison twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 17. First and final account of Sterling W. Dickson, administrator, c. t. a. of Mary M. Kishbauch, late of the borough of Berwick, Col. Co., deceased. Also account of the proceeds of real estate sold under order of Court to pay debts.

No. 18. First and final account of Ellen Kline, Executor of Frank P. Kline, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Col. Co., deceased.

No. 19. First and final account of John Shaffer, Guardian of May L. Neidig minor child of John Boyer, late of Locust twp., deceased

No. 20. First and final account of Edward E. Ralston, Guardian of Wilbur E. Fisher, minor child of Clotworthy C. Fisher, late of the town of Bloomsburg, said minor having arrived at the age of twenty one years.

No. 21. First and final accornt of George B. Swank and D. L. Swank, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Swank, late of Mifflin twp., deceased.

No. 22. First and final account of George B. Swank and D. L. Swank, administrators of the estate of Obadiah Swank, late of the twp., of Mifflin, deceased.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said Court on Monday Sept. 26, 1892 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

1. Account of Amos Driebilbis, Trustee of the estate of Isaac Shoemaker, late of Madison Township.

Clerk's Office, G. M. QUICK
Bloomsburg, Pa., Aug 27, 1892. Clerk, O. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said Court on Monday, September 26, 1892, and confirmed nisi, and unless Exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

1. First and final account of E. F. Bardo, Assignee of A. J. Bardo, and Elsie A. Bardo of Fine Township. G. M. QUICK,
Prots. Office, Prot.
Bloomsburg, P., August 27, 1892.

YOUR COUGH
Has not yielded to the various remedies you have been taking. It troubles you day and night, breaks your rest and reduces your strength. Now try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, before the bronchial tubes become enlarged or the delicate tissues of the lungs sustain fatal injury. As an anodyne and expectorant, this preparation has no equal. It soothes the irritated membrane, promotes expectoration, and induces repose. The worst cough
Can Be Cured
by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Dr. J. G. Gordon, Carrol Co., Va., writes: "I use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my practice, and pronounce it to be unequaled as a remedy for colds and coughs."

"After the grippe—cough. This was my experience—a hacking, dry cough, with an incessant tickling in the throat, keeping me awake nights, and disturbing the household. I tried a great number of 'cough-cures,' but they gave me only temporary relief. At last I concluded to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and before I had used half a bottle, I had my first all-night sleep. I continued to improve, and now consider myself cured."—A. A. Sherman, Coeymans, N. Y.

By Using
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, many have been saved from fatal illness.

E. D. Estabrooks, Canterbury, N. B., says: "In the winter of 1859 I was a surveyor of lumber in Sacramento, Cal. Being considerably exposed, I took a bad cold accompanied with a terrible cough. I tried several remedies, but they failed to cure me, and it was thought I was going into a decline. On the advice of a friend, I began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and less than half a bottle completely cured me."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Caroline Mann, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Orphan's Court, an auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of the administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of said estate, to and amongst the parties entitled thereto, will attend at the office of Hon. Grant Herring in Bloomsburg on Friday, September 16, 1892 at nine o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment. All parties interested and having claims upon said fund, are required to attend and establish their rights or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

CHARLES C. EVANS,
Auditor.

Jury List.

The following is a list of the persons drawn to serve as jurors at September court, which convenes Monday, Sept. 26th, 1892.

GRAND JURORS.

Bloom—J. A. Hess, J. W. Kramer, Chas. Krug
Beaver—J. Basin, Hezekiah Hosler.
Briarcreek—J. C. Crisman.
Catawissa—Elias F. Weaver.
Centralia—John Mulligan.
Fishingcreek—David Yost.
Franklin—Robert Weaver.
Greenwood—Ellis Eves.
Hemlock—John Welliver.
Jackson—Allen McHenry.
Locust—John Hughes, W. L. Snyder.
Main—L. A. Dallas, George Fisher.
Mt. Pleasant—I. Howell. C. W. Mason.
Pine—G. H. Gordner, James Kinney.
Sugarloaf—Aaron R. Fritz, A. L. Fritz, Josiah P. Fritz.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—C. P. Armstrong, Boyd Ohl, Clark Richart.
Benton—B. G. Black, Perry McHenry.
Berwick—J. H. Hoyt, W. J. Knoor, Joel Morton.
Briarcreek—N. Bower, John Stiler.
Centre—Elisha Hagenbuch, J. S. Hagenbuch, G. E. Sponsler.
Conyngham—Patrick Haley.
Fishingcreek—Alfred Eveland, John F. Hess, J. G. McHenry, G. D. Yost.
Franklin—Sylvester Hower.
Greenwood—J. E. Allen, H. J. McEwen, Joseph H. Trivelpiece.
Hemlock—John Disenroad.
Madison—A. K. Smith.
Mifflin—Henry Hetler, John Lutz.
Montour—Ellis Gigger, E. Lazarus.
Mt. Pleasant—Hiram Crouse.
Orange—A. B. Herring, C. F. Megargell.
Pine—Richard Whitmoyer.
Roaringcreek—John Whitner.
Scott—Isaac Crawford, G. W. Kressler, H. N. White.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—Stanley Bryfogle, John B. Casey, J. D. Jones, C. W. McKelvy, C. McBride, Geo. W. Supplee.
Beaver—Samuel Horlacker.
Benton—W. B. Gibson, S. S. Harvey, R. Shultz.
Berwick—Howard W. Bower, W. Smith.
Briarcreek,—W. S. Ash, Albert Lynn, William Lynn.
Catawissa—William Harner.
Centre—William Gensel.
Centralia—Martin Welsh.
Conyngham—John P. Hannon.
Fishingcreek—Daniel McHenry, David Warner.
Franklin—Henry Gottshall, F Pensyl.
Greenwood—H. Bardo, J. S. Girton.
Madison—John J. Kreamer, J. Wise.
Main—D. B. Fetterolf, J. B. Nuss.
Mifflin—T. Z. Bowman, L. H. Creasy.
Orange—Geo. W. Bidleman.
Roaringcreek—Francis Levan.
Scott—O. B. Mellck.
Sugarloaf—C. W. Hess. J. M. Larish.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Keiffer deceased.

The undersigned auditor to whom has been referred back his report by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the executor, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, September 17th, 1892 at ten o'clock a. m. to perform his duties. All persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove their claims, or be debarred from any share of said fund.

B. F. ZARR,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of B F. Rhoades.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County to distribute the balance in the hands of James T. Fox, committee of B. Frank Rhoades, a lunatic, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg upon Monday the 12th day of September 1892 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested are notified to present their claims or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

FRED IKELER,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, to make distribution of the fund in Court arising from the sale of real estate of Sober Bros. by the sheriff, under and by virtue of sundry writs of execution issued out of said Court to May Term 1891, will meet the parties interested for the performance of his duties at the office of Charles G. Barkley, Attorney, in The Town of Bloomsburg, said County, on Friday the 16th day of September 1892, at 9 o'clock A. M.; when and where all parties interested must appear and make claim, or be forever debarred from claim on said fund. C. B. JACKSON,
Aug. 22, 1892, 3t. Auditor

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CASTORIA
Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
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THE POSITIVE CURE.
ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.
THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

In the matter of the partition of the real estate of John Whitenight, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, state of Pennsylvania, deceased.

The heirs of said decedent will take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, a writ of partition has issued from said court to the sheriff of said county, returnable on the fourth Monday of September A. D. 1892, and that the inquest will meet for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent on Wednesday the 21st day of September A. D. 1892 at 9 o'clock A. M., of said day, upon the premises, at which time and place you can be present if you see proper.

The premises in question are as follows: All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, aforesaid, bounded on the North by Third street, on the East by lot of Sarah A. Wilson, on the south by an alley, on the West by lot of the estate of Peter Brugler deceased, being in width and fronting on said Third street fifty seven feet, more or less, and in depth two hundred and fourteen feet, more or less, with the appurtenances.

To Daniel E. Whitenight, Tamaqua, Pa., Chas. D. Hamlin, Tamaqua, Pa., Norman E. Hamlin, care of C. M. Moyer, Vancover, British Columbia, Mary A. Walter, Elvina Whitenight, Daniel Whitenight, Joseph W. Whitenight, Charles Whitenight, Harvey Whitenight, Alice Kline, Mahlon Hamlin, Ada S. Dehart and Calvin Dehart, her husband, Clara Harder and Thomas E. Harder, her husband.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY, Atty. JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.
Sheriff office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Aug. 18, 1892.

SOMETHING NEW.
The Celebrated "Clauss" Bread, Cake and Paring Knife Manufacturers want agents in every locality to handle these knives. Best thing in the market. Present agents clear from $10 to $15 daily. Send $1.00 for sample set. THE SLAUSS SHEAR CO., Fremont, O.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County to distribute the fund in the hands of J. D. Henrie acting executor of the last will and testament of Mary Ricketts late of the twp of Orange said county, deceased, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at the office of Grant Herring Esquire in the town of Bloomsburg upon the 5th day of September 1892 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all parties interested in said fund are notified to appear and present their claims, or be forever excluded from coming in on said fund.

FRED IKELER.
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Humphrey M. Parker, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Orphan's Court, an Auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of the administrator of said estate, to and amongst the parties entitled thereto; will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 10th day of September, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment. All parties interested and having claims upon said fund are required to attend and establish their right or be forever debarred from coming in upon the said fund. JOHN G. FREEZE,
8-5-4t. Auditor.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists
The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Female weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. & $1.
HINDERCORNS, The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15cts. at Druggists.

Williamsport and North Branch R. R.

The following from the Williamsport *Republican*, will be interesting reading to many in this section:

"General Manager Benjamin G. Welsh, of the Williamsport and North Branch railroad, was in town to-day, and stated to a *Republican* reporter that the contract for the extension of the Williamsport and North Branch railroad was let this morning, and the contractor is E. J. Gaynor, an extensive railroad contractor of Pottsville, who will begin work at once. The extension which has been spoken of before in the *Republican* is from Nordmont, the present terminus of the Williamsport and North Branch railroad, to Bernice or Dohm Summit, as is also called, where it will connect with the Lehigh Valley. The extension is eighteen miles in length, and the contractor agrees to finish the work in eight months.

"Contractor Gaynor has about finished a contract with the Norfolk and Western railroad, and he will move his whole plant up to the Williamsport and North Branch railroad; steam shovels, drills, etc., will all be brought here, and a large force of men put to work. The road is to be strictly first-class in every respect. There will be steel bridges, arch culverts, stone ballasting, and steel rails that are seventy pounds to the yard.

"In connection with the Harvey's Lake Eranch of the Lehigh Valley this will make a through line to Wilkesbarre, and also to Towanda. It will also be the shortest route from Williamsport to Towanda, Waverly, Sayre, Binghamton, Albany and other places in Pennsylvania and York State.

"The probabilities are that the Lehigh Valley trains will enter Williamsport over the Reading road from Hall's. This is railroad news that ought to please every resident of this city, and there isn't much doubt but what it will. Williamsprt will be a railroad centre yet.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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